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FINANCIAL BROKERS
48 Government Street.

The Daily Colonist.

$375 Ten per cent. down, $10 per month will buy A FINE LOT.
D. W. MORROW & CO.,
60 Government Street.

VOL. LXV--NO 70. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1891. THIRTY-THIRD YEAR

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

Town Property and Farming Lands

FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

MONEY TO LOAN

In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENGLAND.

DIRECTORS IN LONDON: T. D. GALPIN, T. ALLSOP, W. WALTER.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.
Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.
Time deposits in large or small amounts received at interest.

LOCAL DIRECTORS: HENRY S. MASON, C. A. HOLLAND

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

SEA VIEW!

Extension "C" of the Work Estate.

This beautifully situated property on Hillside Avenue has now been surveyed into Town Lots (with 60 ft. streets intervening) and is now for sale.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,

BASTION STREET.

june1

J. D. PEMBERTON. F. B. PEMBERTON, Notary Public.

PEMBERTON & SON,

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

Town, Suburban Property and Farm Lands for Sale.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON APPROVED SECURITY AT CURRENT RATES.

fe27 P. O. BOX 246, VICTORIA.

GREAT FALL

in Furniture, Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleums, etc. Call and examine the Elegant Sideboards, Bedroom Suites, Extension Tables, Ottomans, Antique Oak Furniture, Japanese Goat Rugs.

AT —60— GOVERNMENT STREET.

LOCKHART & CO'S

UNDERTAKERS.

Parlors: Corner Broad Street and Trounce Ave.

Selling all lines at a large reduction for thirty days. Best goods for the least money in the city. A fine assortment to choose from. Seeing is believing. Call and be convinced. Prices right.

IN FURNITURE.

ja24

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE—Lots on Craigflower Road from $550. About 2 acres of land, Cook St. Extension, with a frontage of 770 feet and back 692 feet, house 7 rooms, barn and stable, etc., $2,500. House and lot, 4th St. Work Estate, $2,075. Acre property, $320 per acre, Lake Hill. Front lot, Devonshire Road, Spring Ridge, $475. Large house and lot, large stable, quite new, everything in first-class order, $3,200; house and two lots, Spring Ridge, $1,600. Apply A. Toller & Co., 18 Broad St. mr3-1m

TO LET—Furnished front room. Apply P.O. Box 359. mr3-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres first-class land, half a mile from McPherson's Station, between 55 and 60 acres cleared and seeded down in timothy. Good creek, houses, and plenty of fruit. Apply to Peter Hennessy. fe28-1m

FOR RENT—7 room house; good stable, 56 Vancouver St. Apply J. A. T., Caton, 17 Yates St. fe22-12t

TO LET—Two new, convenient Six Room Houses by 1st March; dry, clean, bath, closet, etc. Appply 81 Fourth Street.

TO LET—Partly furnished six-roomed house, with bathroom, James Bay. Apply 34 Niagara street. fe20-9t

TO LET—A comfortable bedroom and sitting room. Apply at Colonist office. fe18-1m

TO LET—Two nicely furnished rooms. Apply 52 Menzie street. fe15 6t

TO LET—Comfortable furnished front room at 178 Yates st. fe8 6t

FOR SALE—A gap bed and double gear lathe with 3 inch centre, hollow spindle, planed bed, anti-friction treadle, nearly new. Address P. O. Drawer 37. fe3

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING,

130 YATES STREET—Now prepared to undertake orders for all the latest styles at shortest notice. Prices reasonable. Street costumes from $5 and upwards. ja18-1m

LOST—On Saturday last, a Masonic Shrine Jewel, with owner's name engraved thereon. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same at Driard House. mr3-3t

LOST—A Black and White Setter Puppy (bitch). Five dollars will be paid to anyone returning same to the "Boomerang" Court Alley. mr3-6t

LOST—A Fox Terrier Dog, colored white, with black ears and nose; answers to the name of "Gip." A reward is offered for his return to 151 Pandora St. fe27

AUCTION SALE

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

I am instructed by A. J. Clark, Esq., to sell at his residence, 5 Hill Street, Work Estate, between King's Road and Hillside Avenue, off First Street, on

Tuesday, March 10, 11 a.m.

Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Carpets, Pictures, Bed Lounge, Chairs, Tables, Perambulators, Sewing Machines, Linoleum, Garden Tools, Crockery, and a multiplicity of articles.
Terms cash.
W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.
mr1

$25 REWARD.

The undersigned will pay the above sum to anyone giving information that will lead to the conviction of the person or persons who have twice torn down during the night the papers on his bulletin boards.

F. CAMPBELL.
March 2nd, 1891. mr3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A good General Servant in a small family. Apply between 2 and 6 p.m. to Mrs. Caton, 101 Kingston St., James Bay. mr4-tf

WANTED—A Milliner. Apply at 63 Fort Street. mr4-6t

TO LET—A Furnished Front Bedroom, with bay window, pleasantly situated on Fort St.; terms reasonable. Apply Colonist office. mr4-6t

FINE ARTS

E. S. SHRAPNEL R.C.A., has removed his Painting and Drawing Classes to the Studio over Somers' Art Gallery, Government St. Evening CLASSES for Freehand, Mechanical, Drawing, Perspective and Design Work. Terms on application. mr4

EDWIN J. MORGAN,

Representing D. Morgan, Quebec,

Tailor to His Excellency the Governor-General by Appointment. 700 Samples Latest Improved Goods to select from.
Perfect fit guaranteed. English or American cut.
Office: Musgrave Block, Room 2. mr4

CHARITY BALL

GIVEN BY

THE MARRIED LADIES AT HOME,

IN AID OF THE

British Columbia Benevolent Society,

And under the distinguished patronage of His Honour Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Nelson, His Worship Mayor Grant and Board of Aldermen, at the

ASSEMBLY HALL,

FORT STREET,

Thursday Evening, April 9, 1891.

Tickets can be had from the officers of the British Columbia Benevolent Society, the members of the Married Ladies at Home, and from MRS. W. YOUNG, Hon. Secretary.
mr4

ROYAL CALEDONIAN CLUB.

At the request of a number of gentlemen I have consented to conduct a class for the promotion of National

DANCING AND MUSIC,

To be known as the "Royal Caledonian Club," and to be held in the Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad Street. The opening Social Dance will be held in the above Hall on

Monday Evening, the 9th Instant

when printed circulars, containing terms and all other information will be distributed.
Admission fee for Gentlemen, 50c. Ladies free.

R. MACKENZIE MUNRO.

R. MACKENZIE MUNRO, Conductor.
MURDOCK McDONALD, J. R. MUNRO, A. BEATON, C. CAMERON, Floor Committee.
C. CAMERON, Secretary. mr4 5t

WE GIVE CREDIT

To the man who makes two blades of grass grow where one grew before. Why not give credit to the merchant who makes two bargains where others make one?

WE GIVE CREDIT

To the man who makes money for himself. Why not give credit to the merchant who makes money for other people?

Our Cash System

Enables us to make two bargains for one, and to save money for other people. We buy and sell for cash, and we buy better and lower, and sell better and lower than any

Credit-Crippled Competitor.

Come with cash and see what advantage it gives in prices and quality of goods. When buying of us you are not paying other people's debts.

Full stock of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

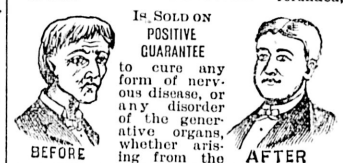
MECHANICS' CASH CLOTHING STORE

55 JOHNSON ST.

mr3-6t

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded.



IS SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 5 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

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WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY
COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS, Cornerof Douglas and Yates streets,
fno25-dw-rly Sole Agent for Victoria.

THE POLITICAL ISSUE.

Influential and Enthusiastic Meeting at Victoria West, Last Night --The Speeches.

The Candidates, Hon. J. S. Helmcken and Others Forcibly Explain the Situation.

A numerously attended and representative meeting was held, last night, at Victoria West. Mr. John Russell was, on motion, called to the chair, and, in opening the meeting, said those present had been called together to determine who the best parties were to represent the people at Ottawa. To-night's meeting reminded him of the occasion when they used to meet together under the direction of Dr. Helmcken, who had led them along in the right road, in which they proposed to continue to walk.

COL. PRIOR began by complimenting this section upon the evidences of prosperity which he met upon every hand, among them this magnificent hall, in which they had met. The question was whether the people were going to stand by the old leader and the old flag or be led away by those who came before them as the advocates of unrestricted reciprocity and annexation. He explained in considerable detail the tariff issue and the complete surrender which the arrangement involved, the idea being to coerce Canada into political union, Chauncey Depew having said that the proposed policy would advance the American flag from the boundary line to the North Pole. Col. Prior dwelt upon the repeated endeavors which had been made by Canada to obtain reciprocity in natural products, but this the United States had persistently refused, all that they were prepared for being this unrestricted reciprocity. Col. Prior explained how the debt of Canada had been caused, the lightness of its incidence, and also dwelt upon the benefits which had been derived from the public works and revenue that had been carried on by means of the taxation obtained. He contrasted the regime of Sir John Macdonald with that of the Liberals. The taxation under the Liberals cost each individual eight cents a day more than it did at present. The speaker here marshalled an array of statistics to show the bounds and strides with which the Dominion was progressing, yet the public expenditure was no more than it was six years ago. Having disposed of the charges which had been made against him in the Times and by his opponents on the platform, he called upon his hearers to consider the immense issues at stake and return the candidates whom they thought best qualified to represent them. If they chose to elect him, he trusted they would also return Mr. Earle. (Loud and prolonged cheers).

MR. EARLE said he solicited the votes of the electors as a supporter of the Government of Sir John Macdonald, whose policy he believed to be the best for the country, as shown by the figures and statements presented by Col. Prior (cheers). There was no question in his mind that, if the result of the elections resulted adversely to Sir John Macdonald, it would only be putting on another screw towards throwing everything into the hands of the United States, so that there could be nothing left but submission to them. He could not conceive that there were a sufficient number of people lacking in loyalty to permit such a disaster to happen (hear, hear). He and his colleague, he could assure the electors, had done their best in the interest, of the province. It was the intention of himself and Col. Prior, if returned, to give the present Government their undivided support, especially with respect to the subject of unrestricted reciprocity. Like his friend, Col. Prior, he had never missed a session, morning, noon or night, except through illness. If they had not accomplished for Victoria all that they desired it was not for the want of asking or trying. Probably at this juncture the most important issue was the loyal one. There was something in the Liberal cry that did not exactly appear on the surface. Unrestricted reciprocity meant the people of this country becoming Americans, and he thought it the duty of everyone to prevent such a disaster happening (hear, hear). Mr. Blake had shown that this unrestricted reciprocity was impracticable, and now he had withdrawn from public life. Mr. Holton and Mr. Gordon Brown, brother of Hon. George Brown, had also withdrawn on this issue, and Hon. John Carling was being supported by gentlemen who had been rabid Grits. The Chinese issue had been raised against him (Mr. Earle), but Mr. Marchant was himself selling the products of Chinese labor. He ridiculed the idea of two men like Mr. Templeman and Mr. Marchant forcing the government as they said they would do. He (Mr. Earle) had for thirty years been in the country. Everything he owned was here, and it was his own interest to work for that of the province. He concluded by asking the voters to come forward on voting day and give Col. Prior and himself a rouser. (Loud applause.)

Hon. Dr. HELMCKEN, who had a very warm reception, observed that the Dominion of Canada had been in existence twenty-six years before we found traitors both within and without. Mr. Farrer, for one, had gone to Washington to show the Americans how they could capture Canada. The Americans insisted on nothing short of the annexation of this country. Farrer went on his own ground, not being authorized by anybody. Those who voted for unrestricted reciprocity in fact voted for nothing more nor less than annexation to the United States. But this was dealing on every hand with impossibilities. If the people once got into the trap of unrestricted reciprocity they could never again get out of it. The people of this province were, he was convinced, utterly averse to annexation. They were universally loyal (cheers). Free trade was also impossible; it was impossible to gain the necessary revenue by direct taxation. Would the people like to open the ports of the country and allow goods to come in duty free? That would destroy every industry in the country. If they were destroyed where would the population be? The present cry was, therefore, a mere humbug. The people of the province did not like annexation, did not desire it, and would not have it (cheers). They were not, he was convinced, in sympathy with the spies who went to Washington to sell their country. This insult, which had been put upon the country, would, he was sure, be resented by the votes of the electors the day after to-morrow. (Cheers.) They would also teach the present Opposition that their views of governing the country were utterly untenable. He looked upon the whole question as settled. Hon. Mr. Laurier wanted unrestricted commercial union. The Yankees would not have it. The Americans wanted us to be annexed, and we spurned the insult. The Americans refused to give anything like a reasonable reciprocity treaty—so this was finished. A free trade policy for the Dominion was not desired by the people, and so this was also finished. Nothing, then, remained of Laurier and there was nothing else to do than support Sir John A. Macdonald and the protective policy—to be modified as necessary. The polls will prove this the day after to-morrow. This was a far-reaching question. The eyes of the people of England and of Europe were looking to see the result of this election. They took an intense interest in this matter. It would mean either that American influence should rule over the entire continent, or that British connection should still be maintained. He said that the Americans were fast becoming the most oppressive of nations. Forty years ago, under the free trade system, the colonies were only looked upon as a nuisance, and as a place to deposit goods. Indeed, free traders told us to-day we did not want manufactures, because it was contrary to their interests. Great Britain took special interest in Canada because, since confederation, she had become the military and commercial highway of Great Britain. When the Mother Country learned that unrestricted reciprocity had been voted against and that her people were truly loyal she would take an additional interest in her colonies. (Cheers.) He called on the electors to give a decisive majority to show that they were worthy of being called British, and that this colony was worthy of Her Majesty, who gave it its name. (Applause.) The Opposition called loyalty passion and prejudice; let the electors tell the annexationists that their policy was one of disloyalty and treason (cheers). There were plenty of Liberals in British Columbia who would support Messrs. Prior and Earle because they knew that unrestricted reciprocity was another name for absorption. If it had not been for confederation many whom he now saw before him would not be present. (cheers). He denied that there was any such thing as independence in politics. He (Dr. Helmcken) advocated the adoption by England of a policy giving the products of the British colonies preference to those of foreign countries. He concluded by saying "Save the Union!" which meant loyalty to the Crown, loyalty to the Dominion and fight as we would for our Queen and country. (Loud cheers).

MR. WILLOUGHBY denounced one-sided free trade, saying that unrestricted reciprocity would mean the flooding of this country with goods of American manufacture. He vigorously denounced the idea of changing the flag, which would result from the proposed unrestricted reciprocity. He warmly advised every elector to do his utmost to return their former members. In this province there was better wages and more employment than could be obtained in the United States.

A vote of thanks having been passed to the chairman, cheers were given for the Queen, the candidates and Dr. Helmcken, after which the meeting adjourned.

READY FOR THE BATTLE.

The Conservatives Fully Prepared to Make Their Power Felt at the Polls.

The Most Cheering News from all Along the Line—A Rousing Victory Predicted.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 3.—There is nothing to report to-day but good news. The contest goes bravely on. Yesterday, the fighting was sharp all along the line, the most noticeable feature being the advent of the Liberal leader, who has left a forlorn hope in Quebec to take care of itself, and has arrived in Ontario to stem, if possible, the sweeping tide of public condemnation that threatens to infect his following altogether. Mr. Laurier addressed a meeting at Cornwall, this afternoon, and Hon. Mr. Chapleau took the same town by storm, this evening. The eloquent Secretary of State obtained a magnificent reception, and completely obliterated any temporary success the Opposition leader achieved in the afternoon. The Conservatives are now simply waiting for the polls to open, and then their power will be felt. The question now is not which party will win, but how big the Government majority will be. The Empire figures out a Conservative majority of 57.

STEAMER VICTORIAN SOLD.

Report that the Canadian Pacific Has Bought the New Boat for the Sound.

PORTLAND, March 2.—It is reported that the Union Pacific company have sold their uncompleted steamer Victorian to the Canadian Pacific company, to be put on the northern route. Union Pacific officials, who were questioned in regard to the matter, knew nothing of the reported sale. The Canadian Pacific is building, in San Francisco, a vessel for the Portland-Vancouver trade, and it is possible that if the Victorian is purchased by them she will be put on the Sound route.

WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

Mr. Corbould's Election Considered Certain—The District Unanimous in His Favor.

WESTMINSTER, March 3.—The political contest is the all absorbing matter of interest in this city and in the district generally. There is no chance of Mr. Corbould, the Government candidate, being defeated; and the people are determined to snow under every vestige of the disloyal movement inaugurated by two demagogues in Vancouver. Meetings have been held in every part of the district, which endorsed Mr. Corbould's candidature.

A fresh stock of Footballs just received by T. N. Hibben & Co.

AT FEVER HEAT.

Liberal Demoralization—Conservative Confidence—Coming Events Cast Their Shadows Before.

Mr. Blake's Defection a Grievous Blow to the Annexationists—The Ontario Outlook.

TORONTO, March 3.—The excitement all over this province is now at white heat. The battle in Ontario will settle all. Here it is no longer a question of the Conservative majority, but will the majority be so sweeping as to utterly kill the element of warfare which Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper have exposed and brought home to the door of their opponents. The Conservatives are working hard for this consummation of the struggle. The Empire of this morning prophecies such a victory. In 1887 the returns for Ontario were Conservatives, 55; Opposition, 37. Now it is declared that 57 constituencies are absolutely for the Conservatives, while in 15 others it is almost a toss up. With this result from Ontario, Sir John Macdonald's endorsation is unquestionable. The Empire is practically borne out in this forecast by the Mail, which up to the present has worked hard against the Conservatives. It relies on the farmers, and even then tacitly acknowledges that the Government will be easily returned. The Globe, also, has come down from its high position, and the opinions of the Liberals who are out in the field may be guessed from the opening sentences of its leading editorial, to-day, which says: The Liberals may congratulate themselves upon having fought well and upon having fought fair. Our opponents have resorted to devices which must be characterized as dirty. They have hardly made an effort to appeal to reason and sound sense. The fact is that the Farrar pamphlet and the Farrar-Wiman-Hitt correspondence has thrown a glow of unparalleled dignity into the electors.

Hon. Edward Blake's silence has been a deadly blow to Sir Richard Cartwright. Up to to-night, some of the "Loyal Liberals," as they are called for distinction's sake, hoped that he would be drawn out into a declaration of liberal principles, but their last hope vanished when the old leader allowed the slanderous charge of bribery uttered against him by his own friends at Kingston, to go unheeded. The Globe denied the published accounts of the incident, but to-day Hon. Geo. A. Kirkpatrick, Dr. Ryan and several other prominent gentlemen who heard what Alexander Cartwright, Sir Richard Cartwright's son, actually said, state that they are prepared to establish the accuracy of the newspaper account from notes taken by themselves. The effect of this is

DISASTROUS TO THE GRITS.

Reports coming in to-night from West Durham, Mr. Blake's old stronghold, say that the Conservative candidate, George T. Blackstock, will be returned by a considerable majority. The Conservatives are jubilant about the certain capture of such an important seat. A great deal of attention is centered in the border constituencies where the Opposition have been working tirelessly. The accounts are favorably regarded by the Conservatives, and they say they will not lose any votes, while they may gain a number.

J. C. Patterson is safe in North Essex, where he is gaining favor, and probably will have his majority increased. Sir Richard Cartwright made his strongest assult on this constituency, whose chief town is Windsor, situated on the opposite side of the river from Detroit, which was supposed to be the most favorable site in the Dominion to the doctrine of unrestricted reciprocity. The manufacturers of Windsor and Walkerville have issued a manifesto, to-day, strongly denouncing the Opposition policy. North Grey, North Perth and London, which were, in the latter part of last week, considered very close constituencies, are admitted to be safe for the Conservatives now. Local friction and a tremendous canvass in the Opposition interest have failed to turn the arrows aside from the great issue of the campaign. The Grit cry to the farmers, too, is getting weaker, and the only distance to which it is safe to indulge speculation in this regard is that but few votes will be changed either way. The town and villages are, however, turning many new votes over to the conservatives. The Opposition admit that in North Waterloo alone they have lost 175 old supporters of the Liberal party. This would leave a very slim difference to be wiped out. On their own showing it is but an indication of how things are going in every quarter where the interests of the people are threatened by the policy of the Opposition.

The city of Hamilton is

SAFE FOR THE CONSERVATIVE

candidates, notwithstanding the shout which was raised by the Opposition press over the result of the recent election for the local legislature. No anxiety is felt about the Premier's candidature in Kingston. The old chieftain is kept in doors by the advice of his medical attendant. His throat is still affected by the great strain put upon it by his tour through the provinces. His opponent, Mr. Gunn, is a strong man locally, but personal popularity does not go far in this campaign. The Opposition regard Coburg as a close constituency, and Mr. Laurier made an address there last evening to which Sir John does not think it necessary to reply. Mr. Laurier was interviewed by a reporter of the Toronto World upon the probabilities of the contest. Of course every one expected that the leader of the Opposition campaign would forecast defeat. The reporter, however, had the hardihood to ask Mr. Laurier whether Sir John would have a majority of 9. "He wont have that" said Mr. Laurier. He snapped out his finger and thumb "he wont have 5." Another snap "He wont have one majority; we carry the country easily." Do you expect so carry the whole country? was asked, "we will carry the whole country with the exception of British Columbia and the territories. These we concede." This was the substance of the interview, but Mr. Laurier did not say why he would not speak in Toronto, where the big dailies would have the opportunity of putting him fully on record.

The non-fraternal sneer of John Charlton at the French Catholic leader, in whom he has no confidence, is remembered by Mr. Laurier, and he does not like Ontario very well. It is said in Toronto to-night that Mr. Charlton runs a big chance of defeat in North Norfolk. There are many men in his own party who would not be sorry if he should be well beaten. Hon. Alex. Mackenzie is hard pushed in East York, although there is great sympathy among the Conservatives for the old gentleman. He is opposed rather on principle than otherwise.

THE FIGHT IS RAGING HOTLY.

In West Elgin Mr. Ingram is the Conservative candidate. In Halton, where Mr. Henderson is the Government standard-bearer, and in East Simcoe, where the Government candidate, Mr. Bennett, is meeting with increasing success every day. Centre Wellington, South Grey and South Essex are also interesting constituencies. Polling day only will afford the true indication of how the electors of these places feel over the issue which is presented to them. In Bothwell there is a tough fight between Mr. Langford and Hon. David Mills. These are some of the constituencies which will, on Thursday, decide the present probability of an increased majority in Ontario for Sir John Macdonald's Government. In Toronto the election excitement is greater than the proverbial oldest inhabitant can recall. Last week there was no doubt expressed about the re-election of G. R. Cockburn for the centre district, but, to-day, no one can be found who will accept odds of ten to one in favor of his return. Mr. Cockburn is suffering from the effects of a severe accident and has not had the opportunity of meeting his constituents. The manufacturers, the wholesale men, the cattle exporters and the business men generally, and the united artisans of Toronto, regard unrestricted reciprocity as a policy which would kill every industry in the city and produce an almost immediate financial panic. As Toronto thinks, so thinks every city and town in Ontario. In the state of public feeling the agricultural vote in favor of the government cannot fail to experience an enormous increase. Where the Grits are hived there will, of course, be great difficulty in pulling down the majorities, but it is known they certainly are bound to come down. The arrangements which have been made here to furnish the returns to the people on Thursday night are of the most elaborate character. Special wires have been constructed into all the theatres and a good many of the public halls of the city. Tickets for all these are selling fast. Instead of the usual attractions, returns will be read to the people as quickly as they are received from the headquarters of the other provinces. A change may be expected in almost all these figures. It has been calculated here that Prince Edward Island will give the government three supporters on Thursday; Nova Scotia 15, New Brunswick 12, and Quebec 36, although the Liberals claim that they will have an increased following from Quebec. Mr. Laurier, by the way, stated as much in the interview already mentioned. Manitoba may be expected to return four Ministerialists, and the Territories and British Columbia are, as Mr. Laurier says, conceded. This forecast is as accurate as any forecast can be, and it has been made with the greatest care. Torontonians expect to see it realized. They want the Government returned by an overwhelming majority. The newspapers will spread the intelligence on the streets, too, by stereopticon light arrangements. Toronto is simply preparing herself for such

A NIGHT OF EXCITEMENT

as has not been seen in many months. The reason for all these preparations is to be found in the fact that the people generally regard the Ontario returns as meaning everything. Look at the returns from all the provinces in 1887 to show the correctness of this view. Then the vote stood: Ministerial—Prince Edward Island, 0; Nova Scotia, 14; New Brunswick, 10; Quebec, 34; Ontario 55; Manitoba 4; Northwest Territory, 4; British Columbia 6; total 127. Opposition—Prince Edward Island 6; Nova Scotia 7; New Brunswick 6; Quebec 31; Ontario 37; Manitoba 1; Northwest Territory 0; British Columbia 0; total 88. Conservative majority 34.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Sensible Stand.

NIAGARA, Ont., March 3.—To prevent any misconstruction of the attitude of the company with reference to the approaching elections, General Manager Ledyard, of the Canada Southern railway, has deemed it advisable to announce in a circular that it is the policy of the company to remain strictly neutral in all elections, and notifies his employees that they are expected to exercise their franchise wholly uninfluenced by their relations to the company.

Sir John Working Hard.

KINGSTON, Ont., March 3.—The weather keeps very cool and the doctors will not permit Sir John to expose himself. He is hard at work, however, keeping two secretaries busy.

Attacked By a Bull Terrier.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 3.—The seven-year-old son of Fred Pell stumbled and fell in the yard, and three prize bull tarriers owned by his father attacked him and bit him in a score of places. They tore his scalp off his head, and tore him frightfully. The father fainted at the sight of his boy, and upon recovering killed the dogs. The boy is not expected to survive.

A Conservative Forecast.

TORONTO, March 3.—The Empire says that on Thursday the figures may be expected to stand this way:—

	Min.	Opp.
Prince Edward Island	3	3
Nova Scotia	15	6
New Brunswick	12	4
Quebec	36	29
Ontario	56	36
Manitoba	4	1
Northwest Territory	4	0
British Columbia	6	0
Total	136	79
Ministerial majority	57	

The Opposition Leader.

COBOURG, March 3.—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier addressed a large meeting at Cobourg last evening. The leader of the Opposition was warmly received by his followers, being escorted to the hall by a band, and accompanied to the station on his departure by a torch light procession.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

First Session of the Sixth Parliament.

THIRTIETH DAY.

March 3, 1891.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. After prayers by Rev. P. Jenns,

MR. BROWN presented the report of the committee appointed to amend and consolidate the Municipal Act, after which the bill, founded on the report, was introduced and read a first time.

POLLING DAY.

After some discussion as to the advisability of an adjournment over polling day (Thursday), it was understood that the House should sit as usual, it being at the option of members to return or not to their homes on that day.

THE ROYAL HOSPITAL BILL.

On motion of the HON. MR. DAVIE, the order for the second reading of the Royal Hospital Lands' bill was discharged, the lost deeds, for which it had been intended to make provision, having been found.

THE SUNDAY BILL.

HON. MR. ROBSON moved the second reading of the Sunday bill, which, he explained, was most simple and moderate in its provisions. He thought there was no necessity, after all that had been said, for him to discuss the subject on religious grounds. From a purely secular point of view, he would say that experience had proved that a seventh day of rest was necessary; among others Dr. Farr having declared that the due observance of Sunday as a day of rest added seven years to fifty in a human life. A seventh day of rest was also necessary for beasts. This province was the only one in the Dominion which had not a Sunday law, and he thought it well that the first session of the present Parliament should take the necessary action. He hoped that members would allow the bill to take a second reading, its details being open to discussion in committee. Mr. Robson also dwelt upon the necessity of observing a uniform day of rest as an additional reason why there should be a Sunday Observance law.

COL. BAKER spoke of the differences of opinion on religious matters, urging that it was impossible, on this account, to legislate on the matter. He should vote for the second reading, but reserved to himself the right to object to those provisions of the bill which did not meet with his approval.

HON. MR. DAVIE concurred in the remarks of the member for East Kootenay.

MR. BROWN approved of the principle, and should vote for the second reading.

HON. MR. POOLEY saw no reason for changing the views to which he had already given expression in opposition to Sunday legislation.

MR. KEITH held that there was no necessity for such a law. The expressions of the country on this subject had already been twice given in this House this session. He objected to the idea of a common day of rest, it not being always convenient to rest on the Sunday, in which case it was generally the practice to have rest on some other day. He spoke of the extreme difficulty of defining what were works of necessity. Indeed, it looked as if the Premier were merely theorizing. Not more than one tenth of the population went to church on Sundays, how was it possible to legislate the nine tenths into being good? If, moreover, it were deemed advisable to prevent white people from shooting on Sunday why should not the same rule apply to Indians and Chinese? Was it because of the idea prevalent among whites, that "we are the people." What right had the law to interfere with individual liberty and dictate that he should not go where and how he wished, even were it Sunday? The inevitable conclusion to be arrived at was, that though the poor man might not take a train, steamboat or carriage to improve his health and elevate his mind the rich man could with his own conveniences go just wherever he pleased. We wanted no Sunday law. Indeed, the record of crime was as low, if not lower, here than anywhere else, and the people had reason to be proud that they were able to say there was no need for any such law, particularly as municipalities were fully competent to deal with the matter.

MR. HALL moved the previous question, which was lost.

HON. MR. POOLEY pointed out that the previous question having been lost it was incompetent to further discuss the original question at this time.

After some discussion MR. SPEAKER cited May and ruled that the matter must go over to a future day.

NELSON AND FORT SHEPPARD ROAD.

MR. KELLIE, in moving the second reading of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Bill, said: In moving the second reading of this bill he considered this was one of the most important railways that could be constructed in the Province. It would open out a large section of country known to be rich in mineral resources. The Silver King was probably the most prominent mine in the Toad Mountain district. It owners shipped under great disadvantages, last year, 110 tons of ore, which yielded a profit of $350 per ton, or a total of $38,000. The freight charges exceeded $50 per ton. This magnificent mining property had in sight blocked out by drifts and tunnels, $1,000,000 worth of ore. On this lead some eight or ten claims were showing very favorably. The Grizzly Bear and Silver Queen show up about the same quality of ore. A large number of other claims are equally promising. In Hot Springs camp the present outlook was most favorable. He could see no reason why twenty mineral claims, if properly handled, should not be able to produce each 20 tons of ore per day. The Sky Line alone sent 90 tons, and realized $43,000 in ore shipments for 1890. Ten years ago Montana was in about as backward a condition as we are to-day. Look at the results: Last year Montana produced $48,000,000 worth of bullion. If a railway were constructed our mines would become developed and every business man and every farmer in the province would reap beneficial results. Objections have been raised against the granting of railway charters for lines entering American territory, because it would tend to divert trade to American cities. Last fall carloads of goods were sent from Victoria, Winnipeg and Montreal over the N.P.R.R. in bond to Nelson, proving conclusively that the high tariff would prevent Americans getting control of the trade. For two years engineers had been trying to find a pass westward from Sproats, but up to the present no feasible pass had been found. After the large and almost unanimous vote given yesterday in support of the Crow's Nest Railway bill he did not think it necessary to enlarge on this question, as he felt assured it would receive a hearty support.

HON. MR. ROBSON said after the vote of yesterday there was no necessity to occupy the time of the House. There were many things to recommend the Bill, and from the point of view of policy there was no necessity to discuss the measure, the House having emphatically pronounced upon it.

MR. COTTON said he should record his vote against the Bill.

MR. MARTIN did not think this Bill was deserving of as favorable consideration as the Railway, whose Bill was discussed yesterday. He saw no reason, in connection with this measure, to give a different vote to what he had already given.

MR. BROWN said he should strongly support this Bill, which, as the member from Yale had said, opened up a remarkable rich country, which, like the Cariboo section, was waiting for the magic touch of the steam engine to open it up. It was not a mere question of taking out the ore, but it was one of settling up the country and developing its resources to the utmost, thereby immensely adding to the wealth of the province. It was a question of progress against stagnation. There should be no difficulty on the part of the House saying that they should have the road.

COL. BAKER said that there must be some reason for the tirade which was made yesterday against the Crow's Nest and Kootenay road, and that was that these roads were adverse to the interests of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It had been argued that the roads would interfere with the smelter at Revelstoke, as if there were not sufficient minerals to supply other smelters. When this House granted a railway charter it did not give it exclusive rights to run over the same ground. He contended that the building of the two roads would have no injurious effects on the interests and trade of the province. It might as well be said that wheat might not be sent out of the Province, as that ore might not also be shipped away. Were this policy carried out, its result would be to throw the country back thirty years. On the other side there were capitalists and manufacturers ready to take our products, and if we looked the situation over from a common sense standpoint, every member would vote for the two bills now before the House.

The motion was carried.

THE COMPANIES' BILL.

On motion of Mr. Cotton, the House went into committee on the Companies' Bill, Mr. Hall in the chair.

The bill was reported complete with amendments.

RETURNS.

HON. MR. ROBSON presented a return showing the school reserves, Indian reserves, settlements, naval or military reserves, and reserves for general public purposes within the limits of the grant to the E. & N. Railway Co., the several areas and the situation thereof.

HON. MR. ROBSON also presented returns showing the area of lands alienated up to 9th December, 1883, by Crown Grant preemptions, etc., within the limits of an act retaining to the Island railway, Graving Dock, and railway lands of the province;

Also the area of land conveyed to the Dominion Government under the same act, lying to the north of a line running east and west, half way between the mouth of the Courtenay River (Comox District) and Seymour Narrows.

SECOND READING.

MR. COTTON moved the second reading of the New Westminster and Burrard Inlet Telephone company's bill, which was, he said, to enable the company to extend its operations and to acquire other lines—Carried.

MR. COTTON moved the second reading of the bill to incorporate the Burrard Inlet Railway & Ferry company. The proposed railway was of, he explained, the nature of a tramway running easterly and westerly. It also proposed to run one or more ferries across Burrard Inlet.

THE PHARMACEUTICAL BILL.

DR. MILNE moved the adoption of the report on the Pharmaceutical bill.

MR. HALL proposed an amendment to strike out all the clauses and substitute another bill.

HON MR. BEAVEN submitted that the motion of the member for Cassiar was not an amendment and that he had not moved at the proper stage.

THE SPEAKER ruled that the amendment was in order, and it was on motion read a first time.

On motion for its second reading,

MR. GRANT contended that all the member for Cassiar desired to obtain was covered under the bill as reported.

HON. MR. BEAVEN said he was opposed to the amendment and should vote against it.

The motion for a second reading was lost.

MR. HALL said that seeing all the members were lost to decency he should not persist in his amendment.

The motion to adopt the report of the committee on the bill was carried on a vote of 15 to 10.

Yeas—Grant, Milne, Horne, Brown, Baker, Robson, Davie, Eberts, Stoddart, Pooley, Turner, Croft, Hunter, Rogers and Fletcher—15.

Nays—Semlin, McKenzie, Sword, Beaven, Smith, Forster, Keith, Vernon, Hall and Anderson—10.

MR. SWORD moved the second reading of the Stock Bill.

MR. HUNTER raised a point as to the constitutionality of the bill.

HON. MR. DAVIE said he was inclined to think it was constitutional, but was not prepared to express a decided opinion, there being questions at issue in which were involved the rights of the Dominion to legislate for railways and those of property and civil rights within provincial jurisdiction. He scarcely thought that the Dominion authorities would disallow this bill as unconstitutional, but would allow the matter to be sent to the courts for their decision.

HON. MR. BEAVEN spoke at some length on the question.

COL. BAKER thought that this was a subject of great doubt. All knew that the C.P.R. had power from the Dominion Government to build branch lines in British Columbia; if the government of the province had power to veto this right, anyone could see the amount of confusion that would arise.

MR. HUNTER was of the opinion that the Dominion Government could give any railway company power to enter upon the crown lands of the Province. He was satisfied that the act was unconstitutional.

HON. MR. ROBSON said that if this contention was right, the Dominion Government would have to legislate away all the crown lands of British Columbia. It was true that the lands of the Province were vested in Her Majesty, but controlled by the Government, not of Canada but of the Province. It was a right the Provinces should possess as all would agree.

MR. BROWN having briefly addressed the House, the second reading of the bill was carried, to be committed on Wednesday.

LAND SURVEYORS.

HON. MR. VERNON, in moving the second reading of the bill respecting Provincial Land Surveyors, explained its content briefly. It was very needful that the lands of the Province should be surveyed by competent men, men of good character capable in their profession. The bill was liberal in all particulars and of an eminently practical character.

HON. MR. BEAVEN had been informed that great dissatisfaction had been caused by the action in relation to surveyors, passed last year. He did not think, from a casual inspection, that the bill before the House improved matters.

MR. BROWN was led to believe that the bill needed a good deal of amendment, which could be dealt with in committee.

MR. COTTON and DR. MILNE followed with remarks of similar tenor, and the bill passed its second reading, to be committed at the next sitting of the House.

The House rose at the usual hour.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

BY MR. KEITH—To introduce a bill to further amend the Coal Mines' Regulation Act.

BY MR. BROWN—To strike out clause three of bill No. 34, relating to the sale or gift of tobacco to minors.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.
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Real Estate and General Agent,
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$4,200. Full Sized Lot, Pandora Street near Douglas.
$1,260. Two Lots, San Juan Avenue, good location.
$525. Old Esquimalt Road.
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$4,000. 236 Acres, 65 cleared and fenced; 10 head oxen and cows, good orchard, farm implements; close to school, church and wharf, Vesuvius Bay, Salt Spring Island. Half cash, balance ten years.
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SMOKERS' PROVIDER,
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NEXT TO "DELMONICO,"
Nearly opposite old quarters.
BEING OVERSTOCKED, I AM SELLING PIPES, ETC., AT COST
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Good Goods! Low Prices! Fair Dealing!
ARE BOUND TO TELL
And this is what
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WILL GUARANTEE YOU.
My Stock is Choice, Well Selected, Well Bought and Complete, and I take this method of Soliciting YOUR PATRONAGE.
You will always find My Goods as Represented.
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COAL
This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants at Current Rates:
The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard.
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"Nanaimo" Coal, can be obtained from W. T. Drake.
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Superintendent.
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Largest and best Hall in the City for Public Meetings, Musical Gatherings, Lectures, &c. Centrally situated, corner Pandora Avenue and Broad Street, formerly the Methodist Church, but recently refitted, thoroughly ventilated, well lighted; warmed with hot air; very easy to enter and leave; comfortable seats may be provided for about 900 persons; now ready for occupation. Terms moderate. Apply to
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INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1862.
CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000, $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....200,000, 1,000,000.
(WITH POWER TO INCREASE.)
THE BANK HAS DECIDED TO OPEN
A SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
in connection with their general Banking business, and are now prepared to receive Deposits of $1, upwards, upon which Interest will be allowed at current rates. Present rate, FOUR per cent. per annum. Deposits received for Fixed Periods, and interest allowed on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Shareholders of this Bank are by the Charter of Incorporation made liable for double the amount of capital subscribed for; an important consideration in the security afforded to depositors.
WM. C. WARD,
Manager.
Victoria, 2nd January, 1891. ja3

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Genuine Scotch Tweed Suits,
Overcoats, Hats, Caps, Underwear
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THE TERMINUS OF THE
SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN RAILWAY.
Situated in the Heart of the Famous Okanagan Valley.
THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR.
The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in operation to Vernon next summer, 1891.
The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.
A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary to connect with the American railway system.
This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.
Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.
A large Hotel will be erected early next spring and plans for same are now being prepared.
PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES.
A large number of lots have already been sold and most of these will have buildings erected on them early next year.
Special inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries.
Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.
ADVANCE IN PRICES.
The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.
Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Keremeos, Okanagan and Monishee Mountain, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Siwash Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.
The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c., and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.
The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourselves. The C. P. R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.
OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT CO., LD.
Maps of Town Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices.
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—COAL—
The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.
FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.
THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.)
THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)
THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL.
(House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.
THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.
THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.
THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.
The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.
SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF Have just received ex. "Brodick Bay" a large consignment of the celebrated
LLOYD & LLOYD
Gas and Water Tubing. Black and Galvanized. Cor. Broad and Yates St., Victoria, B. C., P. O. Box 86.

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F. G. RICHARDS, JR.
51 Yates St., Victoria.
A Few of the Many Bargains
HE CAN GIVE YOU.

3 Acres, cor. Gorge Road and Harriet st., 300 feet water frontage on Gorge (600 feet in depth; splendid buy; no other property like it in the market.	$9,500
Beautiful 2-story residence; two lots; fine corner....	6,750
Large cottage; two lots; corner.....	4,500
Corner lot; Yates street...	6,500
3 cottages; James Bay; easy terms; each.....	1,900
2 lots; Rithet st.; 54x180; each.....	925
Lot; Menzies street.....	950
Lot; South Turner.....	850
Several nice lots; Fernwood; each.....	400
2 lots; corners; Pine st., Victoria West; each...	375
Fine two-story residence, Quadra street.....	5,500
Business lot; Yates street, below Government.....	15,000
2 lots; Harrison st., near Yates, each.....	750
1 lot; San Juan Avenue, James Bay.....	550
1 lot; Croft st., James Bay	900

25 LOTS 25
on the Tramway Line in Victoria West; on easy terms; 10 per cent. cash; 10 per cent. every three months; at 7 per cent. interest.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
Conveyancing in all its branches carefully attended to.
Interest and rents collected, and returns promptly made.
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We have every description of Acre Property, and can sell you land that will increase in value and prove a good investment.
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Write or call on T. G. RAYNER, who has great demand for good farms, and quick returns guaranteed.
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Our list is complete and we can give you a lot that will grow in value. We never deal in property that decreases in value. No Lottery. No Wild-cat Business. All Genuine.
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3 Lots, Cadboro Bay Road, corner; fine for residence; close to tramway.
1 Acre near Esquimalt Road, water front.
3 Lots in Nelson.
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1 Share in a Tacoma Syndicate.
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If you are desirous of having a home, or want to invest a few dollars to advantage, please call on the undersigned, where you will get lots at Bed Rock Prices, on very easy terms.
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FOR SALE.
20 Acres, 5 miles from city, price $75 per acre. 8-roomed House, and lot, price $1,450. A paying business with stock, brings in $5 per day, price $400.
Address "M. M." Colonist office.
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FOUR LOTS IN BLOCK 45, SPRING Ridge, each 60x120. Terms reasonable. Apply WM. McNEILL, Agent.
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B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
THE HALL of the above Society in Musgrave Block, Broad Street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms. fe4-1m

LOYALTY VERSUS FACTION.

(Communicated.)

Doubtless, in the history of Canada, there never have been two distinct policies affecting the welfare of the Dominion of greater moment than those of the two parties in the present contest for supremacy; policies apparently opposite and antagonistic, and both reflected from the political mirror as involving principles, upon which the rise or fall of the Dominion depends. The National Policy, inaugurated by Sir John A. Macdonald, and so strenuously upheld by the Liberal-Conservative party, is a policy of expediency, or rather of necessity, adopted after years of experience as the one best suited to foster and build up the newly-formed confederated provinces.

Self-protection is universally acknowledged to be the first law of nature, and it applies to national rights, as well as to individual exigencies. There is not, nor there never can be, a policy of protection that can harmonize with every industry, it is therefore not strange that the National Policy should not give universal satisfaction. It has, no, doubt, in some instances created disaffection engendered by prejudices on account of certain industries, or branches of trade, being affected, owing to some special peculiarity of position or location. Such as these should only be considered as of local significance, and must not be taken as condemnatory of a law of protection for the general welfare of the country. Any statesman who could formulate a general policy of government that would give satisfaction to every person in the state, would, indeed, be a prodigy. The great problem of capital and labor would be solved; the vast intricacies of trade and commerce would be satisfactorily arranged; the growth and expansion of industries would be phenomenal; and the equal distribution of wealth would be the crowning success of such a regime. Just so long as two parties exist in Canada, difference of opinion will continue as to the best laws for the government of the country. A contrast of the parties plainly points on one side to advancement and prosperity, while the other has a record of retardment and stagnation. Anyone who takes the trouble to review the political history of of our country cannot but concede that within the last ten years Canada has risen to greater importance and prospered more than for the thirty years previous. Cast your eye over the vast domain of Manitoba and the Northwest territory and ask the question, "What were these ten years ago?" The answer is, "A known but uninhabited waste." Look now and see the wonderful changes wrought. Cities have sprung up, and, pulsating with the healthful glow of vigor and prosperity, manufactories and industries of various kinds meet the gaze on every hand. See the manufactories of the Dominion generally. Are they not prosperous and thriving, which heretofore, in many instances, were stagnant and the owners despondent. It is true that the policy of protection is imposing heavier taxation, but what of that? Are not the people building the foundation of the Western Empire of Great Britain, and have they not the right to bear a reasonable burden so as to retain the protection of the Mother Country? Before the N. P. the revenues of the Dominion were unequal to the requirements of the country. The wise and far-seeing statesmanship of Sir John saw not only the necessity of stimulating trade by a fair protection, but also the obligations of the country required a fund for strengthening the exchequer, which could only be raised by an import duty. Open our ports to free trade, or endorse the cry of unrestricted reciprocity, and direct taxation will take the place of indirect impost. What has been done will be undone, our markets will be flooded with American products, our manufactures crippled and our artisans deprived of a livelihood by American competition. Canada will then be dictated to by Congress as to what is right, and a proposition for annexation would be the next thing in order. The contest now pending is therefore one of loyalty, *versus* faction, and every one having the true interest of his country at heart should consider the value of his vote. There is no sentiment more applicable to the present issue than an extract from one of Dr. Blackstone's letters in reply to Junius, and although written over a hundred years ago savors of a spirit of loyalty which should actuate every true Canadian "The dearest interests of this country and its laws and its constitution. Against every attack upon these, there will, I hope, be always found amongst us the firmest spirit of resistance; superior to the united efforts of faction and ambition; for ambition, though it does not always take the lead of faction, will be sure in the end to make the most fatal advantage of it, and draw it to its own purposes But, I trust, our day of trial is far off, and there is *a fund of good sense in this country which cannot long be deceived* by the arts, either of false reasoning or false patriotism."

THE TIMES ON TRADE QUESTIONS.

To the Editor—I observe the Times, in its issue of last evening, devoted two of its editorial articles to attempts to dispute the statements I have made in former letters. The intention of the writer of those articles was both laudable and proper; the actual result of his action is disastrous to the position assumed by Messrs. Marchant and Templeman. The writer in question says that my "*penchant* is 'figgers.'" I am sorry that I cannot give him credit for any liking for either "figgers" or facts, if his letters are to be taken as an indication of his ability or knowledge. He claims that I am so "immersed in figures that I lose sight of the main question altogether." I think, sir, that it is the Times and Messrs. Marchant and Templeman who have not merely lost sight of, but have never yet perceived, the facts which constitute the "main question," which is the great issue in the present contest. For nearly two weeks I have been asking the "Independents" to give the electors their opinion on the "main issue," but without success, and I have no doubt that the electors on Thursday will, by an overwhelming vote in favor of Messrs. Earle and Prior, decide that the "Independents," being without a policy, shall remain at home.

I am not sorry that the Times should have given me such an opportunity of showing that it, as well as its candidates, utterly fail to understand the principles involved in the National Policy. When Sir John Macdonald advocated a protective policy, he said that its object was to foster Canadian industries, and that the result would be that by competition among the manufacturers the people would obtain cheap commodities. My statement in regard to the price of sugar in Montreal and New York (which the Times has not been able to disprove) shows that Sir John's object has been attained in that article, as it has in many other lines of trade. Canadians get their sugar cheaper than the people of New York. "Then," says the Times triumphantly, "you have defeated your own argument, by the fact that Canadian manufacturers can undersell the Americans, and consequently need no protection, since they can compete in the United States with the home producer." Here is where the Times shows its entire ignorance of the real position of affairs. Has it not followed the course of events in the United States during the last few months, and seen the drift of the proposals of Mr. Blaine and others? That astute politician and his friends realize that the supreme question with the American manufacturers at the present time is where they can obtain larger markets. Protection has built up large industries, the products of which supply the home market and unless an outside market can be found for a portion of the output, the limit of profitable production has been reached, and some of the factories must be closed or the whole of them operated only for a certain period each year. Canada as the nearest and most accessible market is what they desire to secure, and should they succeed in obtaining unrestricted reciprocity, the Dominion would speedily be made the dumping ground for the surplus products of the manufacturers of the United States. With a market at home for the productions of their mills for nine months in the year at profitable prices, American manufacturers would be quite willing to dispose of the production of the remaining three months at a small profit or even actual cost if they could maintain their works in constant operation. Any person acquainted with industrial matters knows that it is ruinous to business to suspend operations, discharge workmen and close all business for a month or two in the year. If Canada would obviate this by allowing free access to her markets, our Southern neighbors would gain quite an advantage. But where would Canadian manufacturers be? Simply ruined. The home market for the productions of our farms and orchards, now found among those who are employed in our home industries, would be lost, since our mechanics and artisans would be compelled to either emigrate or starve. With this would also come another disaster. At present, supplying as we do many of our own needs from home sources, we have a surplus of certain articles for exchange with other nations for things which are not produced in Canada. With our factories closed we should not merely be compelled to pay in gold for what we required, but our producing power being destroyed our means of accumulating wealth would also disappear. Mr. Marchant will talk glibly of our immense resources in raw materials, but I defy him to point out a single instance in modern times of a nation which has become rich and prosperous, grown rapidly in population, and presented opportunities for millions of immigrants that has depended solely upon its exports of raw materials. The Australian colonies, with their shipments of gold and wool, come the nearest to such a case, but an examination of their circumstances shows that while the conditions there are almost unique (through the mildness of their climate, their large production of gold, which also is manufactured at home and not shipped as crude ore), the results achieved are smaller than many persons suppose, until the prospects for future immigrants without capital are not favorable. On the other hand, those countries which have built up industries in their midst, which have exported the manufactured article, not the raw material, and so kept the manufacturing profits at home, have grown rich, their population has rapidly increased, and all classes of immigrants find ready and profitable employment within their borders. This is the condition of things that the National Policy is designed to bring about, and the facts that can be adduced as to the economic condition of Canada to-day, amply show that the proposition is being rapidly realized. Once admit without restriction the manufactures of the United States, our own factories will be stopped, and our only means of paying for our imports will be by raw materials on which the profit of manufacturing will be transferred to the people of other lands. It is these facts which make it impossible for Messrs. Marchant and Templeman to place their unrestricted reciprocity theories in such a light as will cause the voters to give them their support on Thursday. A British Columbian.

March 3, 1891.

UNAUTHORIZED.

To the Editor:—I have watched, with regret, the action of a person by the name of H. Howard, and mentioned in the reports of the political meetings as President of the Trades and Labor Council. For the purpose of placing the working classes, and more especially the members of organized labor unions, in a proper light to those who may be selected to represent this city in Ottawa, I beg to state that I am positively aware of the fact that Mr. Howard states what he has every reason to know to be a deliberate falsehood when he says the majority of the working classes are in favor of the Independent candidates. Moreover, the fact of Mr. Howard appearing on the platform does not, by any means, express the intelligent views of a majority of the working class.

In the first place, to back up my assertion, I will call your attention, and also the workingmen's attention, to the action of our Trades and Labor Council meeting a few nights since, when Mr. Howard saved his "official head" by his own casting vote. Does that look as though he was expressing the views of a majority of the workingmen of Victoria in the present election? Mr. Howard's action, by remaining in the chair while his conduct as an officer of the Trades and Labor Council was being discussed, will show the workingmen how much reliance can be placed on his good judgment and common sense. While I don't wish to prevent, or in any way hinder, Mr. Howard exercising his political privileges, I object to him allowing himself to be made a cat's paw of, simply because he happens to be at present president of the Trades and Labor Council. If the Trades and Labor Council desire to advocate their cause and show what they could do, let them nominate a man who is capable of expressing their views on the labor question and I, in company with hundreds of others, will work honestly and endeavor to elect such an one irrespective of party convictions.

Now, Mr. Editor, it was not my intention to speak of this matter, but as Mr. Howard has had ample time to correct, over his own signature, an impression that has got abroad to the effect that he was the representative of the workingmen in this election, I could not allow the polling to take place without entering a modest protest. Union is Strength.

Knights of Labor.

THE Knights of Labor aim to protect their members from financial difficulties, etc. Hagyard's Yellow Oil protects all who use it from the effects of cold and exposure, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat and all inflammatory pain. Nothing compares with it as a handy pain cure for man and beast.

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Lot, South Turner	900
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Corner of Broughton.

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1891.

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NOT CLAP TRAP.

Mr. Templeman, at the Spring Ridge meeting, is reported in his own paper to have said that "he agreed that the loyalty question was nothing more than mere clap trap." This is the cant of the Opposition. It is the practice to laugh at any man who at any time speaks of his loyalty to his Queen and Country or reminds others of their duties and responsibilities as British subjects. They know the power of ridicule. They have seen men who, for fear of being laughed at, have neglected duties and refrained from expressing their true feelings. Depending on that power they expect to make Canadians ashamed of being loyal. But there is a time when honest men should care no more for the sneers and the ridicule of fools than they do for the barking of curs. The present is a time when men who are really loyal should not be ashamed or afraid to speak out no matter who laughs. There is not a thinking man in the country who does not see that the policy of the Liberal Party if carried out is calculated to alienate the people of Great Britain from Canadians, and to sever the tie which connects them. We see that Mr. Farrer is convinced of this, and so is Mr. Wiman, and so are thousands of others in Canada, in Great Britain and in the United States. There is a consensus of opinion that unlimited free trade between Canada and the United States makes for the political union of the two countries. There are some who see this and are glad of it. It is just what they want and are working for. To those we have nothing to say. They have already in their hearts thrown off their allegiance to Great Britain. They have really no loyalty left. But there are a great many others who are still loyal, who love the Old Queen and the Old Flag, and they want us to have closer trade relations with the United States, but they don't want annexation. Is it "clap trap" to warn these loyal subjects of the Queen, and to show them that if they follow the lead of the Liberal leaders they will help to bring on annexation. Is it clap-trap to show these men who wish to remain British subjects, that leaders of the party which seeks their support, on pretence of giving them free trade with the United States, have been plotting to hand Canada over to the United States, body and bones, is it deceptive to tell them that the avowed object of some of these men is annexation and that one of them has traitorously written a book for the purpose of showing Americans how they can best force Canada to come to terms? It is surely not clap-trap when Liberals are advocating a policy which wise men and good men, who are not politicians at all, declare is calculated to lead to annexation, directly and soon, to ask electors which they prefer, British rule or American, the Union Jack or the Stars and Stripes. It must not be forgotten that it was an intelligent and honest Liberal, Capt. McCallum, who first put the issue to be tried at the polls in this shape—"Under which Flag?" He did not write "clap-trap" but something very much the reverse When the incendiary has done his work and the fire he has kindled is plainly visible it is not clap-trap to raise the cry of "fire."

The incendiary has been at work in Canada. He has been working in the dark, and he has disguised himself very carefully, but the work he has done can easily be seen. Those who have good ears can hear the crackling of the fire. Is it not time, then, to sound the alarm? The truth is, honest and loyal men have been too unsuspicious. They have placed too much confidence in the loyalty and the good faith of the men who have been preaching unrestricted reciprocity. They have not seen through the "mask" which is worn by the men who have in New York and Washington and Louisville, and a dozen other places in the United States, been trying to prevail upon the Americans to make Canadians an offer which they can, with some show of sincerity, ask them to accept. The cry of loyalty has not been raised soon enough. But it has been raised, and all loyal men ought to listen to it and take warning in time.

CONVERTS

Our readers were a few days ago informed that three prominent members of the Liberal party in New Brunswick publicly repudiated the policy of the Liberal Leader, and announced themselves as supporters of Sir John A. Macdonald. We have now before us a copy of the St. John Sun, which contains a pretty full report of the speeches made at that memorable meeting. The gentlemen; Dr. Stockton, Dr. Alward and Mr. McKeown, a member of the Provincial Legislature gave their reasons for leaving the Liberal Party and joining the Conservatives. The speeches in which this was done are too long to be reproduced here, but we will lay before our readers a few sentences from each speech, which will give them a good idea of the considerations which compelled them to sever old political ties and to form a new party connection. We are much mistaken if the great majority of our readers will not believe that they were amply sufficient, and will come to the conclusion that they are powerful enough to prevail upon very many members of the old Liberal Party to follow their example.

The chairman of the meeting was Mr. Thomas Potts, who had for years been a zealous Liberal, and being a man of very considerable ability, that party was proud of him, and made much of him. When opening the meeting he said a few words and told the "magnificent audience that he, like the gentlemen who were about to address them, could not swallow the pills which the Liberal leaders had prepared for them, and that was why they had left the party with which they had been associated for years."

Dr. Stockton was the first speaker; the gentleman is not a physician, as his name would indicate, but a lawyer. He made an eloquent and an able speech, of which the following is a passage:

"What was unrestricted reciprocity or commercial union? The two were identical terms. If they were not the same, what did unrestricted reciprocity mean? It meant free trade with the United States to the exclusion of all other countries. In the manifesto sent out by Mr. Laurier he said that absolute unrestricted trade between Canada and the United States was his policy. This would entail a loss of revenue which Mr. Laurier regarded as a lessening of taxation. But the reduction of revenue would leave the public expenses unprovided for. The speaker then quoted from Mr. Laurier's declaration stating that the question was of the greatest importance to the United States. It would be of far greater importance to the people of Canada. The policy meant the hauling down of the tariff restrictions between the provinces of Canada and the states of the Union, so that they would be for trade purposes practically the same. The policy went further. It required the raising of the Canadian tariff to that of the United States. The height of our tariff line would have to be regulated at Washington, while to-day it was regulated at Ottawa. It was impossible to conceive that the larger body would ever permit the smaller to have much share in the regulation of that tariff. This question was not Liberal nor Conservative. It was Canadian through and through, and it would lie with the people of Canada on March 5th to say whether they would retain their autonomy or be legislated for at Washington. The people of the United States would be great fools if they did not press for this scheme, but it would be far different for Canada. Were Mr. Laurier's party in power Sir Richard Cartwright would be the finance minister, and he admitted that the policy of his party was to tax the goods of England while admitting duty free the goods of the United States. Then coming back to the original proposition, it was fully demonstrated that Commercial Union and unrestricted reciprocity were one and the same thing. This the policy, not of the true Liberal party, but of its assumed leaders to day. These were questions beyond the range of party or personal friendship. It was one involving the future destiny of our country."

Dr. Alward who had been a member of the Provincial Assembly, in the course of his remarks said that "unrestricted reciprocity was the half-way house to annexation." His reasons for rejecting the policy of the Opposition and for supporting the Government, which he had up to that time opposed, may easily be inferred from the following extract from his speech—its peroration was:

"On the northern half of this continent there is ample room and verge enough for these two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race to live side by side under their respective systems of government, each pursuing its course according to the bent of its own constitution. I am but one in the citizenship of this great country, yet if all others remain silent, my voice shall be raised loyally and patriotically to uphold British institutions on this continent. I cannot for a moment believe that those within the compass of my voice would prove so mercenary as to forego all that British connection implies for some fancied good that might be obtained under commercial union or unrestricted reciprocity, for they are one and the same, a proposition, as now defined by its advocates, as wild and visionary as the Mississippi scheme or the South Sea bubble. If so, speak for them I have offended. Let others cast their political horoscope and scan an alien sky for the sign under which to conquer; yet I trust we will hold fast to the traditions of the grand old home across the sea, under whose protecting ægis we are safe and whose bright example has proved to be a pillar of cloud by day and of fire by night in guiding us thus far in the pilgrimage to the promised land of national greatness. (Tremendous cheers.)"

Mr. H. A. McKeown declared that he was, for economic reasons, opposed to unrestricted reciprocity. He favored partial reciprocity, such as Sir John Macdonald had expressed his determination, if possible, to obtain. This is the concluding passage of his speech:

"The preservation of the integrity of the empire of which we formed a part had influenced him to a great degree. He was a British subject. Under the good old flag Canada had attained a degree of prosperity that the world wondered at. He wanted nothing of the nationality to the South of us, but had every faith in the future of Canada. Canada would in time become to this continent what the Northern part of Europe was to that continent. Canada was the richest country the world had ever seen. It would in time become the home of hundreds of millions. And we were asked by the Liberal leaders to give it up. It was up to the point of the preservation of the integrity of the empire and our national existence that he was prepared to go in for reciprocity. In this crisis he felt that it was necessary to stand firmly by the policy of the Liberal-Conservatives, the policy that preserved our national existence. One hundred years ago this question would have been fought out at the point of the bayonet, but now it was to be determined at the polls. It was the duty of all to enlighten the people on the question in order that they might vote intelligently. (Cheers.)"

Our readers see that the principal reason why these four talented New Brunswick gentlemen joined the Liberal-Conservative party at the present crisis is that they are loyal men and are determined to do all that they can to preserve the connection between Canada and the Empire of Great Britain. They are convinced that the policy of the Liberals is opposed to the continuance of British connection and are not willing to sacrifice that connection for financial considerations. They will not sell themselves or allow Canada to be sold for unrestricted reciprocity, and what it is certain to lead to, political union with the United States.

WARNING VOICES

Those who are inclined to listen to the men who say that there is nothing in the "loyalty cry," and that there is nothing in the Liberal Platform to alarm the most sensitive lover of Great Britain, and British institutions, should bear in mind that men who are capable of forming an intelligent opinion on the subject; men too, who are not politicians have come to a very different conclusion. Archbishop O'Brien is one of the ablest men in the Dominion. He is an acute observer and a deep thinker. He believes that annexation is concealed under the planks of the Liberal platform, and he has considered it his duty to warn the people under his care, He has sounded the alarm, and he is not the man to do so if he did not consider the danger great and imminent.

Archbishop Faber is not a politician. If he has any political leanings at all they are towards the Liberal Party. This eminent churchman has thought it right in a pastoral which he has lately issued to raise a warning note. He reminds his people of the privileges and liberties they enjoy under British rule, and he exhorts them not to expose our country to the loss of a settlement which justly elicits the admiration of Catholics in other countries." If His Grace did not see that there was some danger of losing the advantages of the "settlement" which he prizes so highly it is not likely that he would speak of the matter in such significant terms at this particular time.

Here we have two eminent men of culture who have no political purpose to serve reminding the people of Canada of the duty they owe to their country and their sovereign, raising "the loyalty cry," in fact. Would they do this if they did not see that British rule in Canada is in the present electoral contest exposed to danger.

Editorial Evidence.

GENTLEMEN,—Your Hagyard's Yellow Oil is worth its weight in gold for both internal and external use. During the late La Grippe epidemic we found it a most excellent preventive, and for sprained limbs, etc., there is nothing to equal it.

WM. PEMBERTON, Editor Delhi *Reporter*.

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CARD OF THANKS.

I BEG TO RETURN my sincere thanks to the California Insurance Company for the prompt payment, through their agents Messrs. Hall, Goepel & Co., of my claim of $9,000 loss on the sealing schooner "Ariel."

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Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

GRAND PALACE HOTEL,

81 to 103 North ClarK St.,

CHICAGO.

Four minutes from Court House. Both Plans. Weekly, $3.00. Transients, 50c. up. Restaurant by Compagnon, late Chicago Club, Chef. Popular prices. New house. Cut this out for further reference. fe19-1m

Five 5-Acre Blocks

FOR SALE.

Suitable for Residences or Chicken Ranches.

ELEGANT POSITION ON THE MAIN ROADS.

Apply early to

W. JONES,

25 Cormorant St.

oc22-6m

REMOVAL.

T. S. GORE, BURNET & CO.

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS,

have removed their office to No. 14 Chancery Lane, opposite New Law Courts.

ja20-1yr-d&w

Bargains in Clothing

—AND—

UNDERCLOTHING.

Being about to retire from business, my entire stock of Clothing and Underwear, Hats, &c., are selling at 30 per cent. below the usual price.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

the well-known stand situated at 44 Yates st. Unless you have ample means do not apply.

LEWIS LEWIS.

d7-3m

FOR SALE.

One hundred and sixty-five and one-half acres of land; all under fence; with two barns, dwelling and office. Houses, at Boundary Bay. Apply to Wm. McDowell, 54 Menzies St., James Bay, or to J. A McDowell, on the premises.

fe27-1m-w

STEAMER FOR SALE.

THE TWIN SCREW STEAMER

"CARIBOO FLY,"

as she now lies on the ways at the Star Ship Yard, together with her outfit of

Boats, Life Boats, Bedding, Linen.

Length 132 ft. 2 in. Beam 22ft. 3 in. 281 87-100 Tons.

For further particulars apply to

HENRY SAUNDERS,

Johnson Street, Victoria.

e11-tf

THE IMPROVED LINOLEUM

(REGISTERED)

SILENTIUM

WARM, NOISELESS,

DURABLE, SOFT.

This improved Floor Covering is unsurpassed for flexibility and durability by any similar material, and is particularly suitable for Clubs, Offices, Churches, Banks, Libraries, Nurseries, Refreshment Rooms, Bath, Smoking and Billiard Rooms, Railway Carriages, Steamships, Schools, etc.

Manufactured by Ridley, Whitley & Co., England.

Sold by First-Class Dealers Only

my17-eod †

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received up to noon, 7th March, for the erection of two 2-story Frame Residences, for James Burns, Esquire, at James Bay.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.

fe28

MUNICIPAL.

SEPARATE TENDERS will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 11th day of March, prox., for supplying the Corporation with hardware, nails, etc., forage, lumber, coal and wood.

Forms of tender supplied at this office.

A certified cheque for $50 to accompany each tender.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, 27th Feb., 1891.

f 18-td

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday the 11th of March prox., at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation 200 tons of 4 inch cast iron water pipes.

Specifications may be seen at this office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office.

fe27-td

TENDERS are called for by the undersigned for the purchase of a new two story house and lot on Bay street, having a frontage on the harbor of seventy-six feet, 120 feet deep, and seventy-six feet frontage on Bay street, up to noon of April 4th, 1891. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. JAMES BLAND, Sr., Bay st. Victoria West. fe7-2m

DRY GOODS.

GILMORE AND McCANDLESS

37 JOHNSON ST.

$2 BARGAINS IN $3 BOYS' SUITS

Commencing to-morrow. the 23rd, for one week.

We have a job lot at $2, $2.50 and $3 a Suit.

Bring your boys along and we will sell you a suit for $3 that is worth $5 anywhere.

Boys' Knee Pants $1 and $1.25; size from 22 to 28.

Boys' Odd Vests, 75c.

We have an immense stock of Suits on the way. This is the first lot to arrive. If you buy a suit and don't like it when you get home, we will refund the money cheerfully.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

37 Johnson St.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to give notice that he has removed to No. 63 Government St., two doors north from his late office.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,

P. O. Box 59. Office, 63 Government St.

mr1-1m

I HEREBY give notice that at the next Meeting of the Board of License Commissioners I intend to apply for a transfer of License for the Nickel Plate Saloon from Thos. Garvin to myself.

ARTHUR FOX.

Victoria, Feb. 4, 1891. fe5-1m

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

jan1-1y

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Removal.

George S. Russell has removed his barber shop to No. 42, Yates street, next to W. J. Jeffree's. tf

Removal.

Geo. H. Maynard has removed his stock of boots and shoes to 72 Yates street, and was in full blast yesterday, the sale still goes on, and will continue until his spring goods arrive.

Lacrosse Men Meet.

The second annual meeting of the British Columbia Lacrosse Association will be held in New Westminster on April 11th. The season's schedule of games will be arranged, and effort will be made to work up an amateur athletic association for the province.

Picked Up in the Straits.

The scow which the steamer Lottie lost in the straits, a few days ago, has been picked up by the American steamer Mogul, and towed to Port Townsend. The owner of the scow, Mr. G. R. Byrnes, left for Port Townsend last night, to endeavor to make arrangements for the recovery of the scow.

A Cosy Parlor.

His worship, the mayor, has now a stylish and luxurious office at the city hall. The mayor's parlor, which adjoins the city clerk's office, has just been handsomely carpetted and furnished with heavy oak furniture, upholstered in leather. Costly curtains, pictures, vases, and etceteras complete the fittings of the pleasant room.

Precious Metals Mined in 1890.

The Scientific American says: The annual report of Wells, Fargo & Co. of precious metals produced during 1890, in the States and Territories west of Missouri, including British Columbia, shows: Gold, $32,156,916; silver, $62,930,831; copper, $20,569,092, and lead, $11,509,571.

P. O. Home.

The ladies' committee thankfully acknowledge the following donations in February: Provisions, Jewish Ladies Social: preserves, Mrs. LaPrince, A Friend (37 bottles); clothing, Mrs. Christie, Mrs. Drake, Mrs. McMicking; two blank books, Hibben & Co.; dripping, "The Hall;" the "Canadian Queen," Miss McCandlish.

A Harvest of Drunks.

A harvest of drunks awaited the return of the police magistrate to the bench, in the city police court, yesterday. Robert McNeill, Charles Christopher, Hugh Cameron, Harry Banks and David Murray, were each fined $5 for the common offence. The only other case was that of W. Deasy, charged with assaulting Jno. Yeo. The prosecution not appearing, the case was discharged.

To Move or Burn.

The question, whether it would be better to remove or burn the old, tumbledown buildings on the market site is just now puzzling the Market committee. They are afraid that if the buildings are sold a new Chinatown will be established in some other section of the city, and this they wish to avoid. It is, therefore, probable that the outside buildings will be torn down and a grand bonfire made of the rest.

Victoria Mentioned.

Mr. R. Greene, representing the Northwest Magazine, of St. Paul, Minn., is, for a few days, a guest at the Driard. The Northern Pacific railway take a great interest in his magazine, and assist in circulating its special numbers where they will do the most good. Victoria is to have an entire issue devoted to her, next month, and an increase of immigration is likely to result. Already many excursion parties for Victoria are being booked in the East.

Quite True.

The Times states that "when Victoria is shut out from the outer world telegraphically," The COLONIST depends upon the Seattle Post-Intelligencer and Telegraph for its dispatches. Quite true. When the line is down, as it unfortunately is only too often, the COLONIST copies news from the Seattle papers, which otherwise its readers would not learn; but telegrams thus obtained are not palmed off on the public as original, with raised dates to add to the deception.

City Council.

Owing to the fact that Monday evening's special meeting fell through, the aldermen have a double amount of business to dispose of to-night. The street committee met yesterday, and completed their week's work. Of late several correspondents upon municipal affairs have seen fit to sign their communications to the heads of the departments by *nom de plumes*. "Sunday Observer" was the last of these, and his letter to the sanitary officer, like all the other anonymous documents, goes to the waste basket.

New Coal Fields.

Gen. Lyman Banks, coal prospector for the Oregon Improvement company, has returned to Seattle from Queen Charlotte sound, where he has spent nearly a year, seeing what the prospects are for opening fine bituminous coal mines. He said to a telegraph reporter, on Monday, that they are now working a diamond drill night and day, and find the weather very inclement. There are one and one-half feet of snow, the wind blows very hard and it is very cold, so that work progresses slowly. He only got one mail in the last two months, so one can imagine how far out of the world the place is.

An Unique Sign.

One of the most expensive signs, of the kind, ever designed in this city, can be seen at Messrs. Perry & Hall's galvanized iron works, 96 Johnson street. The sign is an exact imitation of a full sized hack, and is made entirely of galvanized iron. Even the axles, springs and finer parts are of the same material, firmly and neatly put together. The sign was built for Mr. Wm. Grimm and will be placed on top of his carriage factory. It was Mr. Grimm's intention in the first place to have a life-sized driver and horses in connection with the hack, but after consideration he concluded to leave it as it is for the present. Messrs. Perry & Hall have been awarded the contract for the galvanized iron and cornice work for the Five Sisters block, and the Bank of British Columbia at Vancouver.

Court Cariboo.

The court of the Independent Order of Foresters held their regular weekly meeting in the Sons of St. George hall last evening. A large number of members were present, and during the evening a very important subject was discussed. As a great many are aware, the society at their first meeting decided to call the court "Court Beacon", after Beacon Hill park. Last night, however, the court was informed by the supreme court that there was already a Court Beacon, and on that account they would have to give the court another name. After considerable discussion it was resolved to call it Court "Cariboo," after the gold fields of Cariboo. The next regular meeting will be held on the 10th inst., in the Sons of St. George hall, and a full attendance is requested.

Extension of Time.

Russell McDonald & Co.'s annual boot and shoe sale will continue during this week.

County Court Adjourned.

The March sitting of the County court will be adjourned till Thursday the 12th day of March, 1891, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon

Conservative Meeting To-Night.

Messrs. Prior and Earle, the Conservative candidates, will address the electors in the school house, Work Estate, to-night. Chair will be taken at 7:30 o'clock. This will be the last meeting of the campaign.

Along the Sea Front.

The sea wall which gave way at the foot of St. Lawrence street has been repaired in a thoroughly substantial manner, under the direction of Street Foreman Matthews. Plans are also being prepared for a new piece of trestle work, opposite Mr. Macaulay's residence on Dallas road. A drain will be run through it, as it was the water that undermined and caused the collapse of the former structure.

Canadian Order of Home Circles.

The Canadian Order of Home Circles held a meeting in the general secretary's office of the Y.M.C.A., last evening. More names were added to the charter list, which now exceeds 25 members. The next meeting of the society will be held on the 25th inst., in the Sons of St. George hall. The Circle in this city, so far, has been a success, and everything looks promising for a large increase in the membership roll. Mr. A. Q. St. George, who organized the Circle here, left for Vancouver this morning, and will leave there on the 8th inst. for Toronto, when he will attend the supreme meeting of the Canadian Order of Home Circles, held in that city on the 17th inst.

G. R. J. Removed.

Geo. R. Jackson, who has given the utmost satisfaction to so many of us, has removed his entire stock into the Turner block, 68 Douglas street. His new spring goods have arrived and deserve inspection. *mh3-1m

Victoria's Crematory.

It is about decided that Victoria's new garbage crematory, for which $10,000 was provided by vote of the citizens a few months ago, will be located on the corporation property on Spring Ridge. The crematory will be so situated and so constructed as to cause no annoyance or offence to anyone in the neighborhood. A gentleman is now on his way from the east, representing a crematory firm, and he will probably superintend the construction of Victoria's big oven.

A Monster Petition.

The following petition, signed by Fred. G. Walker and 1,007 other residents of Victoria, has been presented to the Provincial Legislature:

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.

QUEEN VICTORIA ON RELIGIOUS LIBERTY.

The following is an extract from a proclamation issued to her subjects, in 1858, by Her Majesty Queen Victoria:

"Firmly relying ourselves on the truth of Christianity, and acknowledging with gratitude the solace of religion, we disclaim alike the right and desire to impose our convictions on any of our subjects. We declare it to be our Royal will and pleasure that none be in anywise favored, none molested or disquieted, by reason of their religious faith or observance, but that all shall alike enjoy the equal and impartial protection of the law; and we do strictly charge and enjoin all those who may be in authority under us, that they abstain from all interference with the religious belief or worship of any of our subjects, on pain of our highest displeasure."

PETITION FROM CITY OF VICTORIA, PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

To the Honorable the Speaker and Members of the Legislative Assembly, in Parliament assembled:

We, the undersigned, citizens of British Columbia, twenty-one years of age or more, believing that religious liberty is the natural right of all men, and in regard to religious faith and observances they should be allowed to follow the dictates of conscience, do earnestly pray your honorable body not to pass any Bill concerning Sunday, or the Lord's Day, or any other religious rite, ceremony or observance, which would interfere with the rights or religious freedom of ANY of Her Majesty's subjects.

The Autoharp.

Messrs. M. W. Waitt & Co. desire us to state that the Autoharp or simplified Zither mentioned by us in Sunday's issue, as being a new musical instrument, has been handled by them for the past two years, and that they have sold large numbers of them, in the city and in different parts of the province. The above instrument being so simple requires no teaching, as a child can learn to play it in 5 minutes. Prices, $5, $6 and $7.50. For sale at Waitt's Music Store. *

SUNDAY OBSERVANCE.

Hon. Mr. Robson's Bill for the Better Observance of the Lord's Day.

The bill introduced in the legislature by Hon. Mr. Robson for the better observance of the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, provides that no person shall permit or suffer any house, shop, store, saloon or other place to be open for the purpose of trading or dealing; this section shall not extend to apothecaries and chemists, nor to hotel or restaurant keepers at any time of the day, nor to milkmen.

No person whomsoever shall do or exercise any wordly labor, business or work of his ordinary calling upon the Lord's day, or any part thereof (works of necessity and charity only excepted), and no person shall publicly cry forth or expose to sale any wares, merchandise, fruit, fish, game or other goods or chattels whatsoever upon the Lord's day; this section shall not extend to the selling of milk.

No person shall engage in any shooting, whether for pleasure, sport or profit, on a Sunday, and no person shall carry any firearms on that day; this section shall not extend to any person in the naval, military or volunteer service of Her Majesty, or employed as a constable or police officer, using or carrying any firearms in the performance of his duty, nor shall it extend to Indians.

Sunday excursions by steamboats plying for hire, or by railway, or in part by any such steamboat and in part by railway, and having for their only or principal object the carriage of Sunday passengers for amusement or pleasure only, and to go and return on the same day by the same steamboat or railway, or any other owned by the same persons or company, shall be unlawful.

THE TICKET.

MARK YOUR BALLOTS FOR THE CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES.

EARLE, THOMAS, Merchant.	X
MARCHANT, WILLIAM, Merchant.	
PRIOR, EDWARD GAWLER, Merchant.	X
TEMPLEMAN, WILLIAM, Journalist.	

JOURNALISTIC DEPRAVITY.

The "Times" Gloats Over the Exposure of Its Dishonesty.

That the public may understand the source from which the Times secures its eastern political news, which is published every evening under flaring head lines, we reproduce below the telegrams, appearing in the Post-Intelligencer and our evening contemporary. It will be seen that, with the exception of the altered heading and "raised" and falsified date, the two telegrams are identical:

Post-Intelligencer, Feb. 27.

RECIPROCITY IN CANADA.

LIBERALS ARE ENTHUSIASTIC AND CONSERVATIVES ADMIT THE CONTEST WILL BE CLOSE.

NEW YORK, Feb, 26.—An Ottawa special says: Conservatives now privately admit that the Liberals will make important gains in Ontario, but they still hope to win by a small majority. There are hopes now that the Liberals will not make big gains in Quebec, as it was at first expected. Conservatives realize that Ontario does not respond so satisfactorily to the "old flag" cries as it was expected she would.

People of the border counties are in favor of reciprocity, and it is certain there will be a slaughter of Conservative candidates all along the frontier. One by one manufacturers write to newspapers over their own signatures, declaring they would welcome reciprocity and do not fear to meet their American rivals in a fair field. Woolen men, stove men, carriage builders, agricultural implement makers and furniture manufacturers are outspoken in support of the Liberal policy.

Sir John Macdonald, for the rest of the campaign, will be bidden down to his constituency in Kingston where he will find plenty to do. Liberals there are full of enthusiasm. They have a popular candidate and will make a great fight. The old chieftain will not care, however, how his own constituency turns out if the Dominion itself is true to him.

Victoria Times, Feb. 28

LIBERALS ENTHUSIASTIC.

CONSERVATIVES ADMIT THAT THE CONTEST WILL BE VERY CLOSE INDEED.

OTTAWA, Feb. 28.—Conservatives now privately admit that the Liberals will make important gains in Ontario, but they still hope to win by a small majority. There are hopes now that the Liberals will not make big gains in Quebec, as it was at first expected. Conservatives realize that Ontario does not respond so satisfactorily to the "old flag" cries as it was expected she would.

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Now it is well known that the American newspaper correspondent at Ottawa is a phenomenal liar, and that his dispatches have more than once caused considerable adverse comment. He is scarcely as reprehensible though as the Times telegraphic editor, who not only appropriates his misleading despatches, but falsifies them for the purpose of deceiving the Victoria public. The latter can see how little reliance can be placed in the prophetic political telegrams which are nightly served up. The COLONIST drew attention to this dishonesty in yesterday's issue, but the Times in reply simply gloats over its unworthy deception.

The Victoria Athletic Club will hold an Exhibition and Dance at Philharmonic Hall on Tuesday evening, March 10th. The curtain rises at 8 o'clock sharp.

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

FIRST SPRING SHIPMENT.

10 CASES

Prints, Carpets,

STAPLES, ETC.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT.

DAVID SPENCER, PROPRIETOR.

TURNED THE TABLES

The Opposition Meeting at Parsons' Bridge a Great Conservative Success.

Last evening's Times had very little to say about Monday evening's meeting at Parsons' Bridge; no stretch of the imagination could convert it into a successful one, from the standpoint of Messrs. Templeman and Marchant. A gentleman who was there says that their reception was, indeed, the reverse of encouraging. For some time they could not get a chairman, although the voters of the district had turned out well. Finally, a charitably disposed non-voter consented to preside—to help them out—and Mr. Marchant first took the platform, with the intention, no doubt, of "enthusing" the audience on disguised annexation. He launched out into an alleged account of the great benefits free trade had conferred upon England, and had about concluded, when a gentleman in the audience, Mr. Joseph Atkyns, rose and said he had listened as long as he could to the misstatements of the speaker and felt in duty bound to contradict. Mr. Marchant inquired what he knew about the subject, and Mr. Atkyns promptly replied that he had come from the very places that Mr. Marchant had made the scene of his fairy tale. He then proceeded, with cold, hard facts, to demolish Mr. Marchant's castle of fancies. Mr. Templeman, who was to have followed, thought better of his intention and subsided, and the meeting closed with cheers for Prior and Earle.

Tickets may be obtained for the Victoria Athletic Club's Entertainment from any of the members. Price of admission, exhibition, 50c.; exhibition and dance, 75c. *

Dark and Sluggish.

DARK and sluggish describes the condition of bad blood. Healthy blood is ruddy and bright. To cure bad blood and its consequences and to secure good blood and its benefits in the safest, surest and best way, use Burdock Blood Bitters, strongly recommended by all who use it as the best blood purifier.

Stockton's Novels.

The Schooner Merry Chanter.
Ardis Claverden.
The Late Mrs. Null.
The Hundredth Man.
Mrs. Lecks, and the Dusantes.
The Bee-Man of Orn.
For sale at T. N. Hibben & Co.

Young Ladies Journal, 30 cents per copy, at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

AMUSEMENTS.

DEUTSCHE HARMONIE

(GERMAN HARMONY),

For all German-Speaking residents of this city.

NEXT MEETING,

Wednesday, March 4, at 8 P.M.

No. 11 Store St., above Jordan's City Bakery.

P. T. HEBLER, Sec'y.
mrl 95 View Street.

NOTICE.

Messrs. Prior and Earle will address the Electors of Victoria City and District as follows:

Tuesday, the 3rd, Victoria West, at 8 p.m.

At School house, Work Estate, on Wednesday, 4th March, at 7:30 p.m.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
fe21 Sec'y.

ELECTION NOTICE

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant will address the Electors of Victoria City and District at the following places:

Tuesday, 3rd March, Cedar Hill.

Wednesday, March 4, at Victoria Theatre.

Meetings will be called to order at 8 o'clock.

THOMAS DEASY,
fe25 Secretary.

NOTICE.

The Speeches made by Messrs. Prior, Earle, Wilson and Helmcken at their meeting held in the Victoria Theatre, on Wednesday Evening, Feb. 25th will be replied to by Messrs Marchant, Templeman and others, at a meeting to be held at the Victoria Theatre, Wednesday Evening, March 4th. Everybody invited. Come early. Seats will be scarce. mr3

MISCELLANEOUS.

WEILER BROS.,

Successors to JOHN WEILER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Furniture and Importers of House Furnishing Goods

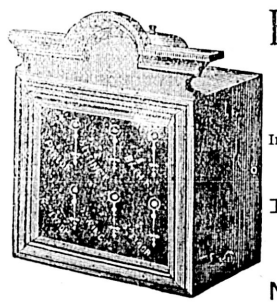
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

New lines of Antique Oak Furniture, just received. First arrival of Spring Carpets just to hand. Lace Curtains in great variety.

Largest stock of Crockery, Glassware, Wallpaper, Carpets, Linoleums, Cutlery, Plated-ware, etc., in the province. Wholesale and retail. Prices uniform, and as low as any firm in the city. Satisfaction guaranteed.

51 TO 55 FORT STREET

THROUGH TO BROUGHTON. de22-12m



Electric Bells, Annunciators,

BURGLAR ALARMS Etc.

In all Designs and Combinations Supplied and put in with Neatness and Despatch by Trained Workmen Under the Direction of

R. B. McMICKING,

Thirty-five years experience in Electric and Wire Work. All work Guaranteed. Orders taken at

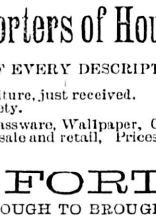
NO. 10 TROUNCE AVENUE.

THE CORRECT TICKET.

ERSKINE, A. B.	X
BOOTS.	X
SHOES.	X
CASH.	X

COMMITTEE ROOMS OPEN from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m. daily, at 132 Government St., corner Johnson St. de28

LADIES INCREASE YOUR COMFORT BY WEARING FEATHERBONE



THEY ARE MORE DURABLE THEY ARE MORE GRACEFUL THEY ARE MORE STYLISH CORSETS. THAN ANY OTHER CORSET IN THE MARKET

TRY A SAMPLE PAIR. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

MADE ONLY BY CANADA FEATHERBONE Co. LONDON, O.

oc22t-a-w6mo

A. P. JOYCE & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Room 6, Bank of British Columbia Building, Victoria, B.C.

an22-12m

30,000 ACRES OF TIMBER AND COAL LAND FOR SALE.

House and Lot, James Bay.

Survey Contracts taken in any portion of the United States or British Columbia.

W. E. DEVEREUX & CO.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, ETC.



A VALUABLE FOOD FOR DYSPEPTICS

Because it can be so Easily Digested

That the weakest stomach can retain and thoroughly assimilate it. It imparts stimulus to the system, strengthens and enriches the blood, invigorates and nourishes the body, and builds up a strong robust constitution.

THE GREAT STRENGTH-GIVER.

fe23to28&W

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue Established, 1862. f-1

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY. M. R. SMITH & Co, 57 Fort Street. Factory 91 Niagara Street. P.O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. f-1

BUTCHERS.

PEOPLE'S MARKET, 99 JOHNSON ST. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Choice Meats, Vegetables, etc. All orders delivered promptly to any part of the city. f-1

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

MCLEAN & STEWART, CLOTHIERS & Outfitters, 31 Fort Street. f-1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government Street. P.O. Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; Hunt & Co., Tea Merchants, Yokohama and Kobe; The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral, de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. f-1

DOCTORS.

DR. ERNEST HALL, L.R.C., EDINBURGH, etc. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat a specialty. Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets; hours, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Residence, corner Fort and Quadra streets; hours, 6 to 7:30 p.m. f1

HOMOEOPATHY.—DR. JOHN HALL, 98 YATES st., over Cochrane & Munn's drug store, Chronic and Children's Diseases a specialty. Office hours from 1 to 4 p.m., only excepting Sundays and holidays. f1

DRUGGISTS.

J. TEAGUE, JR., DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST, 57 Yates street. The celebrated "B. Laurance" spectacles. No fancy prices. f1

GUNMAKERS.

HENRY SHORT, GUNMAKER, IMPORTER of Sporting Goods, Turner Block, Douglas St., near Yates. Established 1862. f1

GROCER—RETAIL.

NEW GOODS—JUST RECEIVED FROM the East: Fine Oatmeal, Granulated Oatmeal and Rolled Oats. Try them. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street. fe1

HOTELS.

ROYAL HOTEL—CORNER FORT AND Douglas streets. Elegantly fitted furnished rooms. f1

DELMONICO HOTEL—107 GOVERNMENT street. Rooms by the day or week, for families and the travelling public. First-class bar and billiard parlors attached. Petrie & Cook, Proprietors. f1

COLONIAL METROPOLE—HAS BEEN entirely rebuilt, and refurnished with all modern improvements. Rates from $1 to $2 per day. Best moderate price hotel in city. 31 and 33 Johnson street. Thos. Tugwell f1

INSURANCE.

WM. JOHNSON—FIRE, LIFE AND Accident Insurance. Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government street. f1

MERCHANT TAILORS.

GEO R. JACKSON, (SUCCESSOR TO J. C. Leask). The leading Tailor, 55 Govt. street. Fine dress suits a specialty. f-1

MANUFACTURERS.

BRACKMAN & KER, MANUFACTURERS and Dealers in Flour, Bran, Hay, Grain, Meals, Pearl Barley, Split Peas, Hominy, Etc. Office and warehouse, Government street, Victoria, Mills at North Saanich, B.C. P. O. Box 567. Telephone No. 167. f-1

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS.

DENNOCK & KINGHAM, THE LEADING Manufacturing Jewellers and Diamond Setters, 49 Government street, opposite Bank of B. C. f-1

A. A. CLAYTON, THE LEADING MANUFACTURING Goldsmith and Watchmaker. 47 Government street, opposite Bank of B.C. f-1

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 99 DOUGLAS Street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 97 Douglas St., Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. f-1

REAL ESTATE.

HAWTHORNTHWAITE & CO., REAL Estate Brokers, 82½ Government St., up stairs Offices—Victoria, Blaine and San Francisco. f-1

RESTAURANTS.

STEITZ'S RESTAURANT AND BAKERY, open day and night. Social parties and banquets supplied on shortest notice. Oysters and game in season. C. C. Fox, f-1

TAKE NOTICE that I, Ellen Johnson, now carrying on business at the New York Restaurant, Yates street, Victoria city, widow, intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the said city, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors by retail at the brick building premises situated on the South side of Yates street aforesaid and known as 67 and 69 Yates street, Victoria city. The said building and premises to be opened by me as an hotel and restaurant.

MRS. ELLEN JOHNSON.
Dated Feb 6, 1891. fe7-1m

ELITE RESTAURANT, JOHNSON ST. Geo. Amorsen, proprietor. 21 meals for $4.00. fe1

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

A. B. GRAY & CO., IMPORTERS & COMMISSION Agents. Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. f-1

HENRY SAUNDERS, IMPORTER AND Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, &c. 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. drawer H. Telephone No. 28. f-1

LENZ & LEISER, IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN and Domestic Dry Goods, Gents Furnishing Goods, &c. Yates street, Victoria B.C. f-1

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

Fresh Assortment of Goods.

Received per S.S. Parthia.

Bamboo Tables and Stools, Baskets, Table Mats, Large Variety of Tea Sets, Trays, etc.

GOOD SELECTION OF BULBS OF LARGE FLOWERING LILIES.

FULL LINES OF OUR USUAL CURIOS Silk Goods, Etc.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO

41 FORT STREET. ja30

FROM THE ORIENT.

Attempt by Incendiaries to Set Fire to the Steamship Pekin at Shanghai.

The Schooner Haleyon Again in Trouble—The Russian Grand Dukes' Visit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—The steamer Belgic arrived from Hong Kong and Yokohama this morning, bringing the following advices: An attempt was made recently to set fire to the China Navigation company's steamer Pekin, just shortly before the vessel started for Shanghai. A bunch of lighted paper and rags was discovered behind a tier of bales of cotton, two of which were partly burned.

The incident has created a strong impression that the burning of the steamer Shanghai, owned by the same company, by which more than 200 people lost their lives, was the work of incendiaries.

Two men who were on board of one of the junks which the company operated in the piracy of the British steamer Namona, have been arrested and will probably be beheaded. Seventeen pirates have already been executed for connection with this affair.

There has been a heavy snowstorm in Japan. Eight people are reported to have perished in the roads, Two schooners were wrecked during the storm. The captain, two of the crew and six passengers of one lost their lives.

The yacht Haleyon is again in trouble. About seven months ago the Haleyon was fitted out at Victoria by a man named Whaley and taken to Hongkong. At the latter port about $150,000 worth of opium was taken on board, and the yacht cleared for Puget Sound.

During a storm the Haleyon went ashore on the Japanese coast, and the opium was seized by the Japanese government. After a great deal of trouble and delay Whaley repaired his yacht, recovered his opium and cleared for Victoria, B. C. The day before the Belgic left Yokohoma the Haleyon had again gone ashore at Tatamai bay, about three miles from Yokohama, and Whaley was in the city trying to hire a tug to tow her off. Whaley intends to sue the Japanese government for damages for detention of his opium.

The Czarewitch, Nicholas Alexandrovitch, and his brother, the Grand Duke, George Alexandrovitch, are expected to arrive at Singapore on the 3d of March next, and two days later will leave for Bangkok, Siam.

About March 10th the Czarewitch will arrive at Hongkong and about the end of the month will probably leave for San Francisco on a Russian man-of-war.

LYMPH FAILING TO CURE.

Dr. Koch's Discovery Not Standing the Test of Use.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Very nearly three months have elapsed since Prof. Koch announced that he had made a discovery which would revolutionize medicine.

This discovery, he declared, was an infallible diagnostic in diseases of tubercular origin. It was a specific for tuberculosis pulmonaris, and because of this would confer a boon upon humanity.

Now, after a lapse of but little more than two months, scientists here make these emphatic avowals:

First—The lymph is not a diagnostic.

Second—The lymph is not a specific for consumption, or any other tubercular disease.

Third—If the lymph has elective affinity for tubercular tissue, it exhibits a similar idiosyncrasy in other diseases, and in fact no one has thus far proved whether it has elective affinity or not.

The results of experiments in this city, where there have been about 350 persons under lymph treatment, have been to make enthusiastic practitioners cautious, and men who were conservative before have decided that the cure for consumption is quite as far beyond the reach of the profession as it was before the lymph was known.

Within the last week the number of the patients under treatment with lymph have been decreased nearly 60 per cent. The physicians are administering the fluid to persons who are suffering the surgical manifestations of tuberculosis. When lymph is given it no longer forms the sole medium of treatment. Tonics of most potent effect, cocaine, for instance, are given in conjunction with it. Utter dependence upon lymph is no longer observable. Among the physicians whose opinions upon the efficacy of lymph were secured is Dr. George F. Shrady, whose experiments with lymph at St. Francis' Hospital and the New York Cancer Hospital have been notable in many ways. Dr. Shrady said: "So far our main hopes for permanent cure of lung disease are based upon the well known efforts of nature to rid herself of decomposed products by expectoration, while the general strength of the patient is being maintained by the most powerful tonics and the most assimilable nutriments. While this lymph may aid us in one direction by hurrying the initiative processes, we are driven in the end to help ourselves by resorting to the ordinary, but good old-fashioned methods.

"We have scarcely gone beyond this at the present stage of our enquiry, awaiting, as we are, the proofs that the method is quicker and surer than the old one."

Dr. J. Newton Heineman, visiting surgeon of Mount Sinai Hospital, where the most numerous experiments have been made, and of the Polyclinic Hospital, where more interesting experiments have taken place, said he had abandoned treatment in all cases which did not show a marked amelioration under the lymph's influence.

"Certainly," he continued, "a medicine which will produce the same effect on cases of phthisis, epithelioma, leprosy, lupus, joint and hip disease is of very little value as a diagnostic, and again I am convinced that by itself lymph is not a specific for phthisis. It is only a means among the many others of improving the condition of consumptive patients, but it is very far from being medicine of such potency that it may be used to the exclusion of the others. It will be exceedingly unfortunate that Prof. Koch was compelled to make his announcements as early as he did, because I believe his discovery was not complete. I doubt very much whether Koch knows the exact composition of his discovery, and I am equally inclined to believe that in his culture the tubercular bacilli he has reared other germs which now form very important parts of the lymph. The fluid will certainly be made more pure, and then tests may be made which will be far more accurate in demonstrating Koch's discovery than the present ones."

T. N. Hibbon & Co. are agents for the Admiralty Charts.

ROBBERY AT FAIRHAVEN.

Diamonds in a Show Window Taken While the Proprietor Looks On.

FAIRHAVEN, March 1.—A daring burglary was committed at Warner & Jeffrey's last evening in full view of one of the firm and two other gentlemen, all of whom were sitting by the stove, about 20 feet from a show window in which several diamonds, received the day before, were displayed. The burglar quickly fastened the door on the outside by thrusting a stick through the latch handle, and with another stick smashed the window and then grabbed the diamonds and ran. No one was passing on the the street at the time, and when those within got out no trace of the robber could be found.

The man's features were concealed by a slouch hat drawn down over his face. It is believed that he went southward, as a stick of wood fitting exactly the piece in the door, and supposed to be the one with which the window was broken, was found to-day this side of Chuckanut bay. No other trace has yet been discovered. The stolen jewels were worth about $1,500.

SEATTLE PROMOTED.

She is Made an Important Mail Centre—Hawaiian Cable Assured.

A despatch to the Seattle Telegraph, from Washington, says: By order of the third assistant postmaster-general, the regular pouch exchange between Portland, Oregon, and Victoria, B. C., is discontinued from April 1, 1891, and a new registered pouch exchange has been established between Seattle, Wash., and Victoria, B. C., to commence on the same date. Dispatches will leave Seattle, Wash., by steamers of the Union Pacific railroad daily, except Sundays, at 10:10 a.m. This change involves a reconstruction of the schedule of the territory connected with all the international registered pouch exchanges between the offices on the Pacific Coast and Victoria, B.C. Registered packages intended for the British possessions, will be billed to Port Townsend, Wash., from Alaska and counties of Clallam, Jefferson and San Juan in Washington. The Seattle district, from which packages intended for the British possessions will be billed, is to include all of Washington except three counties, eleven counties in California and the States of Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Utah and Wyoming.

STORE DETECTIVES.

They Have Become a Necessity in Dry Goods Houses.

The detective has become a permanent fixture in the big dry goods houses. Not one of the up-town establishments is without a vigilant "fly cop," and many have as many as four or five men detailed to do this kind of duty at this time of the year, says the New York Star. These men in not a few cases were selected on the advice of Inspector Byrnes. The holiday season brings the shoplifters and the petty thieves, male and female, to the front, and they mingle with the crowds which throng the stores.

Pickpockets, too, find the busy stores a profitable field for their art. The detective, who, mayhap, is acting as floor-walker, or presiding with a tape and check blank at some counter, has his eyes open for this element of the population. Many a "crook" feels a tap on his shoulder and hears a whisper in his ear to make a hurried exit.

The shoplifters give the detectives the most concern. Toys and small articles are tumbled about in confusion on the counters in the big stores, and while the girl attending is for the moment answering some inquiry, or busying herself with some detail of her work, the shoplifter essays to make a quick and big haul.

The detective is on the lookout for this kind of customers, and few get farther than the door. If they escape one man, the scrutiny of another, near the entrance, will hardly fail to detect the shoplifter's suspicious actions. With all these precautions, however, the big stores annually lose a large sum through theft.

Relics of Old Rome.

The pickaxe can hardly be stuck anywhere into the soil of modern Rome without bringing to light some relic of the old Empire or the later Republic. While laying some water pipe the other day, says a correspondent, the workmen unearthed a fine bust in Carrara marble of the Empress Faustina. The bust is quite uninjured. In a vineyard belonging to the Capuchins a statue has been resurrected which is recognized as a statue of the Goddess of Fortune. Ten feet below the surface in the Via Polia has been found an ancient Roman road which is undoubtedly the road that in early Roman times led from the city to the Flaminian gate. Thirty feet below the surface in another part of the city have just been found the remains of an old Roman house, parts of which are in a tolerable state of preservation.

Just the Thing.

The newest walking-stick for men is one that bears the somewhat suggestive title of the "clubman's stick." It has a round head and looks like anybody's cane, but its peculiarity appears when its head is unscrewed, as it can be, disclosing a tiny electric light in a glass bulb. The fitness of the title appears at once, says the New York Sun. No more sleight-of-hand performances with the key-hole when the busy clubman gets home late and tired. No more unhappy and disturbing stumbling through dark halls and into unlighted apartments. When the kindly office of the stick as an aid to walking has been fulfilled, the stick literally becomes a light unto his feet and a lamp unto his path.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

ja20-tts-d&w

NOTICE.

ESTIMATES

FOR 1891.

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for the Year 1891.

WHEREAS, the Council, as hereinafter mentioned, have caused an estimate to be prepared of the Municipal Revenue of the year 1891, and of the expenditure required for the service of that year, a copy of which estimate is hereunto annexed,

AND WHEREAS, it is expedient to authorize by By-Law, the expenditure of the said Revenue in accordance with the said estimate,

THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the said Council to appropriate and expend the Municipal Revenue of the said Corporation for the year 1891, for the several purposes and in the manner named or indicated in the estimate hereunto annexed, or as nearly as circumstances permit.

2. All the expenditures hereunto incurred by the Council out of the Municipal Revenue for the said year are hereby confirmed.

This By-Law may be cited for all purposes as the "Estimates By-Law, 1891."

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of February, A.D. 1891.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 14th day of February, A.D. 1891.

JOHN GRANT,
Mayor.

[L. S.]
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

ESTIMATED REVENUE, 1891.

Cash on hand	$ 1,706	
Water Rents	45,000	
Fire Insurance Tax	8,000	
Pound Fees	500	
Real Estate Tax	125,000	
Trades Licenses	22,500	
Liquor	17,000	
Road Tax	5 000	
Dog Tax	350	
Police Court Funds	5,000	
Cemetery Fees	2,500	
T. Storey	101	
T. Russel	2,000	
Weighing Machine	350	
Sundry Items of Revenue	350	
	$235,417 00	
Arrears of Taxes, Jan. 1st, '91	25,838 90	
	$261,255 90	

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE, 1891.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Horse hose, reel or wagon	$ 700
Driver for reel, 8 months, $90	480
Horse feed	1,152
Gas	700
Shoeing horses	250
Coal and wood	250
Stationery, printing, etc	100
Hydrants	1,000
Repairs	500
New boiler for Tiger engine	1,000
Hardware, oil, lanterns, etc	375
Harness, gum clothing, badges, etc	100
Lumber and labor	100
Telephones	216
Insurance	70
Exercise wagon	300
Zinc, bluestone, etc	300
Medical attendance on horses	100
Horse for reel and spare horse	450
Chief Engineer, $110 per month	1,320
Assistant Engineer, $30 per "	360
3 Foremen, $20 per month	720
2 Engineers, $80 per month	1,920
3 Drivers, $70 per month	2,520
1 Electrician and Tillerman	840
17 Call-men, $18 per month	3,672
	$ 19,895 00

POLICE.

Magistrate	$1,800
Clerk of the court	480
Superintendent	1,800
Sergeant, No. 1	1,200
Sergeant, Nos. 2 and 3, at $90	2,100
10 Constables at $75	9,000
9 Constables, average $671-2	5,400
Uniforms—23 officers and men	2,070
Coal and gas	600
Printing and stationery	300
Telephones and telegrams	250
Keep of prisoners	1,000
Examination and passage lunacties	250
Blankets, buckets, brooms, etc.	150
Washing	50
Inquests and funerals	300
Interpreter	150
Incidentals	250
Renovating police court	500
Secret service	1,000
	$ 31,200 00

CHARGES.

Treasurer	$2,000
City Clerk	1,080
Assistant Clerk	1,080
Boy in office	300
Auditor	1,000
Assessor	1,800
Caretaker	720
Printing	1,500
Advertising	2,000
Sundries	3,520
	$ 15,000 00

SURVEY EXPENSES.

Surveyor	$1,800
Assistant Surveyor	1,080
Sundries	750
	$ 3,630 00

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Health Officer	720
Sanitary Officer	1,080
Men's wages and sundries	6,600
	$ 8,300 00

CEMETERY.

Keeper	$ 900
Secretary	240
Sundries	860
	$ 2,000 00

PARK.

Keeper	$ 720
Keep of animals	450
New work	1,770
	$ 3,000 00

(Latter amount to be refunded if Loan By-Law is passed.)

WATER WORKS.

Commissioner	$ 1,800
Collector	1,800
Assistant Collector	900
Caretaker at dam	720
Engineer at pump	240
Sinking fund	11,179
Interest	22,825
Sundries	5,836
	$ 45,000 00

LIBRARY.

Librarian	$ 900
Assistant Librarian	360
Sundries	1,240
	$ 2,500 00

STREET LIGHTING.

Wages	$5,000
Coal	2,500
Wire carbons	1,500
Sundries	3,000
	$ 12,000 00
Pound	1,220 00
Sinking funds and interest on all loans other than water works	22,173 78
Outstanding accounts	335 29
Government of B.C.	3,191 31
School tax	7,000 00
Legal expenses	2,000 00
Commission	7- 0 00
Donations	1,500 00
General interest	5,000 00
Remuneration to Mayor and Aldermen	3,800 00
Water Works—$70,000 loan	2,355 84
Cemetery loan	370 00
Clock, and putting up same	5,000 00
Defining new city boundaries	1,500 00
Costs Colquitz water case	3,500 00
Furniture for city hall	1,500 00
Contingent fund	5,000 00
Advertising city in conjunction with Board of Trade	2,000 00

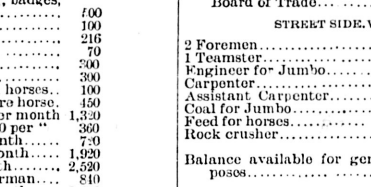
STREET SIDE WALKS.

2 Foremen	$1,800
1 Teamster	780
Engineer for Jumbo	960
Carpenter	1,500
Assistant Carpenter	900
Coal for Jumbo	750
Feed for horses	750
Rock crusher	750
	$ 8,190 00
Balance available for general purposes	9,445 78
fe25	$235,417 00

Orders taken for Talmage's latest work at Central Book Store, 45 Government street.
J. R. KERR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.
(LIMITED.)
CONTRACTORS FOR ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
ASPHALT PAVING
Roofing, Construction of Sea Walls, Coating of Iron Pipes, Reservoirs, Cellars, Steamers, Wharf Piles, Etc.
We beg to call the attention of the public to the great advantage of our ASPHALT GARDEN WALK PAVING, as being free from weeds, always clean and most durable.
JNO. COUGHLAN, MANAGER. | J. E. CRANE, SEC. AND TREA.
—OFFICE OF—
CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS, 30 Broad St.
au30

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

WAGONS
With Tires from 1½ to 4 inches Wide.
COR. JOHNSON AND GOVERNMENT STS.

GEO. POWELL & CO.
CHEAPSIDE.
Importers and Dealers.
Gurney's Celebrated Stoves and Ranges
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, FURNITURE,
CARPENTER AND GARDENING TOOLS
Our prices are always right.
GEO. POWELL & CO.,
"CHEAPSIDE," 146 GOVERNMENT STREET.

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of Victoria City and District.

GENTLEMEN—As promised in my reply to your magnificent requisition asking me to stand for re-election as one of your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, I now lay before you my views on the main questions of the day affecting this district and the Dominion.

I will first say that I come before you as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald and his party. I do so because I believe him to be by far the ablest statesman Canada has, and that the policy he is following is the right one, and the only one that can raise Canada to the high position amongst nations which she is bound to take if properly governed.

Since being a member of the House of Commons I have seen that it is utterly useless being an Independent. So long as the Government of the country is carried on on party lines, so long must a man adhere to either one side or the other. An Independent member has no weight with either party unless the Government is sustained by a very narrow majority indeed.

There are of course occasions when minor questions affecting a particular district or province come up, and on which a member feels that he must vote against his party for the good of his constituents, but on all strictly party questions, affecting the Dominion as a whole, a member must be true to his party.

I hold that a man should make up his mind before entering political life as to which party he is in sympathy with, and then stick to them. If every man was to consider himself free to vote as he might think best at the moment on every question that came up, no man, however clever a statesman he might be, could carry on a government for a week.

I am strongly in favor of reciprocity with the United States in some natural products, such as coal, fish, lumber and ores, but I am decidedly opposed to *unrestricted* reciprocity, as I firmly believe that Canada would then again become a slaughter market for the overproduction of the American manufacturer, and thereby many of our now thriving manufactories and industries would be hopelessly ruined, carrying distress and poverty to thousands of our now happy and prosperous mechanics and artisans.

I deprecate the conduct of the leaders of the Liberal party in lowering the dignity of Canada by *begging* for reciprocity from the United States, as they have been doing lately. Let the Americans first show their willingness to meet us on a fair basis; and, if they do that, I have no doubt that mutual advantages will accrue from any negotiations undertaken. As yet, there is no authority to show that they have ever shown the slightest disposition to open the question at all. *Unrestricted* reciprocity with the United States would necessarily mean discrimination in tariff against England. This the Mother Country would never stand, and still continue to give us the benefit of her protection.

We must then either abandon the project altogether, or throw ourselves into the arms of Uncle Sam, as we are not strong enough to protect ourselves. Are you ready to do this? I for one am not, and I trust and believe that comparatively few in Canada are. The land in Canada is every bit as good as in the United States. Her people are just as intelligent, industrious and independent. Then why not let us remain under the British Flag that has protected us so long, and by our own exertions and energy and enterprise build up in time a nation just as great, just as powerful, and just as wealthy as our southern neighbor.

I am very much dissatisfied with the small amount of money expended by the Dominion Government on Public Works in British Columbia and more particularly in Victoria. Seeing that *this city* alone pays considerably more than *one million* dollars per annum into the Dominion Treasury, I think no one can deny that we should get a great deal more in return than we do.

I have endeavored in the past to remedy this, but I am sorry to say with but partial success. If, however, I am again honored with your confidence I shall continue even more strenuously than ever to urge upon the Government the necessity of placing larger sums upon the estimates for Victoria.

Amongst the many improvements urgently required I may mention a new Post Office and Custom House. These are badly needed owing to the immense increase in trade and population that has taken place here during the past few years. A large expenditure is also needed in our harbor. I have repeatedly brought the above matters before the Government and have received assurances which I trust in the near future may be acted upon.

I shall, if elected, give my hearty support to the members for Nanaimo and New Westminster Districts in any endeavor they may make to have more lights, beacons and buoys placed on our coast.

I shall also continue to urge upon the Government the paramount necessity of their inserting a clause in any charter given to any subsidized line of steamers running either to China or Australia, making it imperative that they call at Victoria on every trip.

I shall again bring to the notice of the Government the necessity of increasing the pay of some of the civil servants in this Province. It is manifestly unfair to pay the same salaries here that they do in Eastern Canada, where living is so very much cheaper. It is, to my mind, offering a premium on dishonesty and is degrading the public service. It is an insult to ask educated, intelligent men to work for less than a Chinese laborer demands. The fact that men are found who are willing to take the positions, is no argument in its favor. When men are hard-up they will take almost anything in order to get food for their families, but that is no reason why the Public Treasury should benefit by their misfortunes.

I am in favor of a subsidy being granted by the Dominion to the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Co., and shall, if elected, continue to urge the Government to make a substantial grant for that purpose.

The Chinese question is one of grave moment. I shall use my best endeavors to have the anti-Chinese clause inserted in all charters granted to companies who are assisted by subsidies either of land or money from the Dominion Government. If the present per capita tax is found not to be sufficient to stay the tide of immigration, I shall favor an increased tax.

Believing that the Victoria Trades and Labor Council is composed of men capable of taking a dispassionate view of the subject, and who have a thoroughly practical knowledge of the question, and also that they directly represent the great body of men who are most affected by this class of labor, I shall on all occasions be very largely guided by their wishes in regard to this subject.

The time has arrived in my opinion when the Dominion Government should be urged to assist in building another dry dock at Esquimalt. By far the best place for a new dock is alongside the present one. It can be built cheaper than anywhere else, and can be run more economically than elsewhere, as the same staff and same engines and pumps now used for the present dock could be utilized for the new one. I shall use my best efforts to have this matter favorably reported upon.

In conclusion, allow me to say that if you decide to again place me in the proud position of one of your representatives, I shall, on all occasions, both in and out of the House of Commons, endeavor to act in such a manner as to reflect credit on the constituents, the city and district which I shall have the honor to represent.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
fe-10 E. G. PRIOR.

To the Electors of Victoria City District:

GENTLEMEN—At the request of a large number of citizens, I again offer myself as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons.

One of the most important questions to be dealt with by the new Parliament will undoubtedly be "Our Trade Relations with the United States," and as othing has taken place in their legislation to make me believe the Protective Policy of their Government will be abandoned, nor has any circumstances arisen in the Dominion of Canada which make it necessary or prudent to abandon or disturb in any material way, or to any great extent, the reasonable system of protection to our industries, which the country has time and again declared for, and under which she has prospered and is prospering. I believe the policy of the Conservative party to be the one best calculated to promote the prosperity of the Dominion.

Such being my conviction, I shall give them my support, reserving to myself the right to oppose them on any measures that I may consider not in the interest of my constituency or Province.

I do not consider that protection to our industries is incompatible with a reasonable measure of reciprocal trade with the United States, by which we might exchange many of our natural products with mutual advantage; and in any arrangements proposed, with that end in view, I would strongly urge in the interest of this Province, that Lumber, Coal, Fish, Fish products, etc., be included.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

I will also press upon the Government by every means in my power the urgent necessity of a much larger annual expenditure for dredging the inner harbor, and that immediate steps be taken to deepen the approach to the outer harbor, so that the largest steamers coming to out coast may have facilities for entering and landing their freight and passengers with safety and dispatch.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Last session I brought to the attention of the Government the inadequacy of the present public buildings for conducting the fast increasing business of the Port, and that they were alike discreditable to the city and the Government. I also urged the matter upon the Ministers who visited us last summer, who promised to ask for a vote this session for this purpose, and that they would support it with all their influence, I have no doubt that in the near future we will have both a Post Office and Custom House that will be an ornament to the city and in keeping with the large revenue we contribute to the Dominion Treasury.

BEACONS AND BOUYS.

I will urge the construction of Light Houses and Bouys at all points necessary to the safe navigation of the Northern Coast of British Columbia.

I would also advocate that all steamers subsidized by the Dominion Government shall call at the port of Victoria, both on their inward and outward trips, to land mails, passengers and freight.

I will do all in my power to preserve the rights of our citizens in the Behring's Sea.

If you do me the honor to return me as your representative, you may rely upon me, both in the House and out of it, to use my best efforts in the interest of this Province, and this District in particular.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
feb 10 THOMAS EARLE.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day transferred my business of Furniture Manufacturer, and Importer of House Furnishing Goods, to my sons, who will continue to carry on the business under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to me are to be paid to them, and all accounts against me will be paid by the new firm. Thanking all my customers and the public in general for their liberal patronage in the past, I bespeak for the new firm a continuance of the same.

JOHN WEILER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891.

NOTICE—PARTNERSHIP.

We, the undersigned, have this day taken over the business of John Weiler, and will continue to carry on the same under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to us, and we will pay all accounts owing by the late firm.

GEORGE PHILIP WEILER.
CHARLES WEILER.
OTTO WEILER.
JOSEPH WILLIAM WEILER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891. fe3

NOTICE.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between William Lyne, and John Lyne and George Evans, under the firm style of Lyne Bros., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, the said George Evans having retired from the above firm. Wm. Lyne and John Lyne will and do from this date assume all responsibilities and pay all debts due by the above firm, and receive all monies due them.

In witness whereof we have hereto set our hand and seal this 6th day of December, 1890.

(Signed.)
Soda Creek.
Witness: T. P. REED.
Witness: R. L. SHAW.

(Signed)
GEORGE EVANS.
WILLIAM LYNE.
JOHN LYNE.
ja23-3m

NOTICE.

I THE UNDERSIGNED, Thomas Watson Carter, have this day admitted William Fraser Tolmie into partnership in my business of a brewer. The business will be carried on under the new firm name of Carter & Tolmie. Thanking my past customers for their favors and soliciting for the new firm the trade of the public in general.

T. W. CARTER.
Victoria, 19th January, 1891. fe1

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session, for an Act continuing and extending the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company may construct its works; also, to reduce the capital stock of the company; and to authorize the building of branches of its railway on the South side of Fraser River to connect Liverpool and New Westminster with the termini of the company's railway at or near Canoe Pass and to Point Roberts Mole; and for other purposes.

YATES & JAY,
Applicants' Solicitors.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1891. ja18-3m

To the Electors of Victoria City and District:

GENTLEMEN—We respectfully offer ourselves for election as representatives for Victoria city and district in the House of Commons.

We present ourselves as distinctly Independent candidates, pledged to absolute loyalty to the interests of Victoria and of British Columbia. By long delay and shifty excuses the present Government has evaded or put aside the many requirements of this city and province, and this, too, while pledged supporters represented the District. We propose, by an honest Independency, to force from an unwilling government those much needed reforms that its friends have admitted they cannot obtain.

Unrestricted Reciprocity, which is only one phase of the trade question, is an important issue in the present contest. We are in favor of the nearest possible approach to free trade with all countries that the necessities of the revenue will permit. We are in favor of the largest measure of reciprocity with the United States that it is possible to obtain with the approval of the Imperial Government. The Home Government has never shown any disposition in late years to thwart the will of the Canadian people, and when the prosperity of our country is at stake, it will not interpose objections to a treaty which would assure the enlargement of our trade to an enormous extent. A reciprocal trade arrangement with the United States would call for increased efforts to obtain other large and important markets for our produce. It would settle the vexed Behring Sea question, the Atlantic fisheries question and other disputes between the two nations, for countries allied by commerce would settle their international disputes better than by a tedious diplomacy.

Larger appropriations for public works in the province are manifestly necessary. Money wisely expended in improving the harbor of Victoria, placing beacon lights and buoys in dangerous portions around our coast, the provision of a life-saving station at a suitable point on the west coast, together with substantial inducements to all railway projects that will tend to open up the resources of this province, would receive our cordial support.

We cordially support the Victoria, Saanich & New Westminster railway, which would provide a much needed want for this city and district, and would urge upon the Government to subsidize this important enterprise. And we deprecate the shameful neglect of this city's interest by the Government in subsidizing a powerful railway corporation and the new line of steamships from the Orient to Vancouver, without obtaining substantial guarantees for the rapid transit of mails and merchandise from the East and compelling the steamships to call at this port on their outward and inward journeys.

The enlargement of the city and the growth of commerce calls for increased postal and custom facilities, and we would support all reasonable measures in this direction.

The Chinese labor question demands immediate attention. We believe it is necessary to place a higher tax upon imported Chinese labor, and that return certificates should be abolished.

As citizens of Canada—the most important dependency of the Crown—we declare our unswerving loyalty to the flag. We believe that by advocating trade expansion, on the above lines, we are at once loyal to ourselves and loyal to the Great Empire of which we form a part.

We have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Yours obediently,
WM. TEMPLEMAN.
WM. MARCHANT.
fe20

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
Store Street, Victoria, B. C.
Millers of China and Japan Rice,
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.
VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL!
Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour, Bran and Shorts
Nos. 64 and 66 Store Street, Victoria.
ja30

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ESTABLISHED 1867.
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
52 Government St., Victoria.
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WASHBURN
Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers
in volume and quality of tone are the best in the world. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated, descriptive catalogue with portraits of famous artists MAILED FREE.
LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.
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China and Japan
FANCY GOODS.
We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of
CELEBRATED TEA,
Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc.
—ALSO—
PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,
Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,
HANG WO HING KEE,
Victoria, B. C. 31 Cormorant street.
fy 25-12mo

REMOVAL.
JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

WINDOW-PANE SMASHES.

Various Ways in Which the Glass Is Broken.

Drunken Men, Street Arabs, Awkward Dudes and Unsophisticated Countrymen Play Havoc with Expensive Lights.

The fact that insurance agencies are being started in all the larger cities for the purpose of indemnifying owners of window glasses in case of accidental breakage, caused an interesting investigation as to the proportionate number of glasses broken during the year, and the causes usually assigned for the smash-up. Animals and men, women and children all assist in causing the organization of this novel branch of business, but the encouragement which the above mentioned give to the caterprise sinks into insignificance when compared with the wholesale breakage caused by drunken individuals.

It is estimated that the annual losses on window panes in this city, says the Louisville Courier-Journal, amount to not less than four thousand dollars, and that an average of two out of every one hundred glasses put in are broken. Every one tries to be careful, and every precaution is used to prevent the window-pane disaster, but it still continues that skylights are broken, display windows and show-cases are smashed and plate-glass entrances kicked in, but in most cases no one can tell who does it, or how it is done. Several firms who make it their business to fit glasses and repair broken windows were seen, and, without exception, they each stated that not one out of a hundred culprits was ever discovered. A man staggers, the glass is shattered, but the author of the crash is seldom caught. The countryman walks through the mirror, the street Arab continues to use bowlders and the bashful lover to bow through the plate-glass window, but none are held responsible for the accident.

A few instances have lately come out in which the culprits were caught, and in order to impress them with a sense of their carelessness, they were arrested and charged with house-breaking. These cases were, however, dismissed, as it was discovered in court that the charge of house-breaking was not advanced for the good of the public or the individual, but was placed against the offenders in order to secure the felony fee for the arresting officers.

The window pane disaster seldom arises to the dignity of a misfortune, except when a plate-glass store window or an engraved glass entrance is sacrificed to awkwardness or drunkenness. "My set of books," said one glass-fitter, 'is a register of drunken ness, and when I am sent for to repair a window, in nine cases out of ten I can guess the cause. Strange as it may seem there is more breakage in saloons and fashionable residences than in any other class of buildings." The most destructive element to window panes and glassware in general exists in beer, whisky and wine. Statistics show that at least one-half of the breakage is due to this cause. In most cases plate glass sheets which are usually found in saloons are broken by thrown bottles and glasses. The drunken assailant generally misses his aim, and the mirror or window is sacrificed to his rage.

Next in order to spirits and their influences is the small boy. Of the small boy species, the school-boy plays a significant part with his airguns and base-balls, but his effort to break every thing within his reach is surpassed by the street Arabs, the new boy and the bootblack. When not busy they are engaged in throwing stones, or shooting "slugs" at English sparrows. One-fourth of the damage to glassware is attributed to the small boy, with a slight assistance from the small girl.

Wind and thunder often strip the windows of their glass, or shatter them to pieces. Glass doors and open skylights are the usual victims of the wind. Ice and snow add their aid, and often cause the most graceful men and women to capsize, and land in a show window. The electric cars are not an insignificant cause, for horses have lately been known to pass through a highly polished plate, or demolish an expensive show-case to avoid this blind power. Many glasses are broken through the awkwardness of employes, while washing or cleaning windows. Some serious losses have been reported during the past year of a porter, a step-ladder, or both falling through a glass front. If the loss is charged to the porter, he feels that he has amply paid for it in the bruises sustained in the fall, and resigns his situation. A not unfrequent cause of the window-pane tragedy, and one which might come under the head of "spirits," is the enraged husband, who comes home tipsy or else has forgotten his night key. When his wife refuses to be aroused, he takes his palace by storm, and afterwards pays the cost of his war.

One of the strangest cases reported during the past year was that of a countryman who shot at a stuffed panther in a display window. Another one reported was a farmer who stopped to see a dummy make a speech in a toy-shop window. The dummy continued to point at him, and finally, becoming enraged at thus being pointed out, he threw a bowlder through the window at the inoffensive orator. The most inexcusable slaughter of glassware occurs when a slight blaze has been detected in the rear of some store. A thousand-dollar glass front is often broken in to admit the firemen. A great many of the windows along the river front have been shattered by the explosions in the river improvement, or in the residences in the vicinity of stone quarries.

Some of the less frequent, but most unfortunate cases are caused by the dude, who is unable to change the position of his cane or umbrella in stepping aside to make room for a fair pedestrian. Several handsome windows have lately been broken by them. The most destructive of all causes is a tornado, and during the past year the heaviest losses have been sustained from this cause.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 4, 1891.
Sun rises.....6:26 a.m. | Sun sets.....5:18 p.m.
Moon rises 2.35 a.m.
Day of the year, 63d.

METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, March 3, 1891.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

1 a. m.,	23°	Mean	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	22°	31°	
9 a. m.,	30°	Highest	5 a.m.—5 miles N.
1 p. m.,	39°	42°	1 p.m.—5 miles SE.
5 p. m.,	36°	Lowest	9 p.m.—6 miles S.
9 p. m.,	37°	20°	Rain—

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—S C Corbin, H Heay, R Weeks, A Hanson, Geo McKay, Z P Davis, T J Jones, T Jameson, H E Latimer, Thos A Felar, Miss Gibbrand, W C Howard, C H Smith, G P Smith, M Gulream, C Miller, S W Childers, T McMannin, E Lononi E T O'Conno', T M Henderson, S Waler, Miss Gilbrand, Mrs Dumbleton, M Craddock, H A Fisher, C Spring, N Hansen, H J Smith, E Burgess, L Berg, J Glasser and wife, Miss La Vue, Mrs Litka, Miss Swiger, T Booth and wife, T Moran, T Williams, J L Graham, W Robertson A Yoeman, D Davis.

Per steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—I Francis, S Conroy, J Watt, S Johnson, C Harris, A Goodman, J N Niles, Wm Moresby, H H Session, C F Gardener, W Johnson, C Nelson, D E Brown, B Collister, Justice Walkem, W Barker, J Walker, T E Kitchen, H McCandless, G H Lockerby, J Gillespie, A G Boggs, M Martin, W Southerland, J Max and wife, J Mitchell, Miss Huff, J Weir, R Frine, Miss Matthews, J M Spinks, A J McAlliki, John Whitty, J A Mara, E Hunt, Dr McAlpine and wife, E Cook, Steve Tingley, Charles Homer.

Per steamer NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound: S E Martin, J Jarie, Mrs Turner, G W Whitley, Miss Buckley, W Cole, Miss Turner, H Lovell, A Saxberg, G P Smith, A Matignon, J P Hartman, C H Smith, J Robins.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—Cowan & Wilson, H Mansell, Marvin & Tilton, Cunningham Bros, Brackman & Kerr, Jay & Co, J Pendray.

Per Steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver:—T Sorantes, Victualling Storekeeper Esquimalt, Turner B & Co, W J Jeffree, Demers & Son, Cowan & Wilson, H Saunders, Miss A A Hart, R Jamieson, E G Prior, Thompson & King, Union Iron Works, Carne & Munsie, J H Todd & Son, Dom Exp Co, C Strouss, Geo Powell, R Maynard, F Norris, A Francis, D Campbell, J Phoenix.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

INWARDS.

Str. Islander.....from Vancouver.
" North Pacific..... " Port Townsend.
" City of Kingston..... " "
" Mascotte..... " Nanaimo.
" Velos..... " Vancouver.
" Frances..... " Salt Spring.
" Chieftain..... " Skeena River.

OUTWARDS.

Str. Islander.....for Vancouver.
" North Pacific..... " Port Townsend.
" City of Kingston..... " "
" Velos..... " Vancouver.
" Mascotte..... " "
" Pilot..... " Straits.
" Lorne..... " New Westm'ster.

LOCAL.

Str. Pilot tows the bark Scottish Bard out to sea to-day. She has on board 505 tons of coal for Portland.

Str. Lorne tows the bark J. D. Peters, laden with coal for San Francisco, to sea to-day.

Schr. Ariel was hauled upon Turpel's ways yesterday to be generally overhauled.

The new schooner May Belle is having her spars put in.

Str. Velos came over from Vancouver yesterday with a large scow load of lumber for Esquimalt.

Str. Maude left for Chemainus yesterday with 400 bags chop, 400 bags feed, and 400 bags flour, besides a large quantity of miscellaneous freight.

Sealing schooner C. H. Tupper goes to sea to-day.

James Christensen has been appointed to the command of the Lorne, and Thomas Lawrence will have charge of the Pilot.

Str. Olympian is to be beached and repaired at Seattle.

DIFFICULTY IN REACHING KOOTENAY LAKE.

TO THE EDITOR:—Dr. J. Campbell, superintendent of the Revelstoke Smelter, is in town. He has just returned from a futile attempt to get into the Kootenay country. He travelled as far as Marcus upon the Spokane and Northern Railroad, and then started on horseback for the Little Dalles, after nearly a day's struggling with bad roads and deep snow, he gave up the task as an impossibility, and returned to Marcus and thence to this city. Old residents told him that he had better delay his trip for a month.

Dr. Campbell has about thirty men working at Hot Springs Camp—and has been absent since December 15th; naturally he is anxious to get into that region to see the result of the winter's labor. But the whole country is under a five months blocade, both in regard to shipments of freight and the possibility of travel.

This is the state of communication which the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. wish to have continued for the next few years, until they get ready to improve it at their leisure. This is the condition which the railway towns Vancouver, Kamloops, Revelstoke and Donald wish to have perpetuated, and they petition our Legislative Council to declare beneficial to the Province. We hope that another winter will see not one but three railroad lines connecting this isolated region with the outer world.

COMMON SENSE.

"LET US REASON TOGETHER."

TO THE EDITOR:—In comparing the U. S. tariff of 60 per cent, and the Canadian tariff of 30 per cent, would it not be, and is it not the extreme height of folly to suppose unrestricted reciprocity between Canada and the United States—that is, to do away with all collections of customs, and the dividing lines, without the United States regulating our coast customs? Because if the United States did not regulate the coast customs, then Canada, with a population of 5,000,000, would be collecting the customs for a population of 60,000,000, and also 5,000,000 of her own. Canada would be able to pay off her indebtedness in one year, to say nothing of the increased trade to be done by railroads.

If the "Grits" can achieve this I think we would all vote for them.

ANTI-GRIT.

Napoleon's Head.

NAPOLEON'S head was of peculiar shape, but that did not protect him against headache. Sick headache is a common and very disagreeable affection which may be quickly removed, together with its cause, by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the never-failing medicine for all kinds of headaches.

MEDICAL.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation permanently. For sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all druggists.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.
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DR. OWEN'S
ELECTRIC BELTS
And Spinal Appliances.
Head Office—Chicago, Ill.



Patented in Canada Dec. 17, 1887.

Dr. Owen's Electro-Galvanic Body Belt and Suspensory will cure the following: All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Costiveness, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Trembling, Insomnia, Wasting of the Body, Sexual Exhaustion, Female Weakness, Diseases caused by Indiscretion, &c.

This is the Latest and Greatest improvement ever made and is superior to all others. Every buyer of an Electric Belt wants the latest—this he will find in the Owen Belt. It differs from all others, as it is a Battery Belt, and not a chain, voltaic or wire belt. It will Cure all Complaints curable by Electricity or a Galvanic Battery. The Electric Current can be tested by any one before it is applied to the body. If you will examine this belt you will buy no other. It has cured hundreds where the doctors have failed. Write for Testimonials and Illustrated Catalogue, enclosing 4c. postage.

The Owen Electric Belt Co.
71 KING ST. WEST, TORONTO
G. C. PATTERSON, Mgr. for Can.
1a31-w&s-4m



TEN POUNDS IN TWO WEEKS THINK OF IT!

As a Flesh Producer there can be no question but that

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda

is without a rival. Many have gained a pound a day by the use of it. It cures

CONSUMPTION,

SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS AND COLDS, AND ALL FORMS OF WASTING DISEASES. AN PALATABLE AS MILK.

Genuine made by Scott & Bowne, Belleville. Sold by Wrapper: at all Druggists, 50c. and $1.00.

ap3-12mo-eod

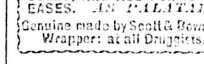


REGULATES THE Bowels, Bile and Blood.

CURES Constipation, Biliousness, all Blood Humors, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Scrofula, and all Broken Down Conditions of the System.

WATFORD, ONT.

My daughter, after a severe attack of Scarlet Fever, was completely broken down. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills with but little satisfaction. Before she had taken one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters there was a remarkable change, and now she is entirely cured. MRS. HOPPERTON



FOR THE NORTH.
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
WILL SAIL ON
Friday, March 6, at 7 p.m.
From Janion's Wharf for Fort Simpson and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. B. WARREN,
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B. C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co.
(LIMITED.)
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $60,000
OFFICE.
61 YATES STREET (Upstairs)
WORKS.
CONSTANCE COVE ROAD.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Vitrified Sewer Pipe,
Agricultural Drain Tile,
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Chimney Tiles and Tops,
Flower Pots, Etc., Etc.
Ornamental Work for Buildings
A SPECIALTY. no15

REQUISITION.

To Messrs. E. G. PRIOR and THOMAS EARLE.

GENTLEMEN,—In view of the very important matters likely to come before the new Parliament about to be elected, affecting the general welfare of the Dominion, and (as we anticipate) in particular the commercial interests of this District, and realizing how vitally necessary it is that we should be represented in that Parliament by members of experience, ability and honesty of purpose, which your records in the last House have proved to us you are fully possessed of,

We, the undersigned voters, hereby request you to allow yourselves to be put in nomination for re-election as our representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, and we pledge you our support and influence to secure your election.

T Sydney Dobbin, Kenneth McKenzie, Fred Davey, Philip D Goepel, Arthur D Lewis, Richard Downer, H Logan, A Phillips, Thos Dodds, John Devereaux, A D Grieve, W Young, John Bogle, James McAuslan, R Keeler, Wm Rothwell, Wm Robinson, Victor Jensen, J J Austin, Wm H Routledge, G C Shaw, S P Mills, Wm Whittaker, Geo Morrison, J G Cameron, W H Danby, Fleming Bros, S M Hartman, David Spencer, H Young, C W Kammerer, Robert Mitchell, George Steitz, P Hickey, Jno B Chantrell, Geo H Garesche, Thomas Harman, Richard Hall, J C Marshall, A R Cameron, Geo. F. Fox, A. G. Sargison, F. S. Maclure, H. Kent, Wm. Croft, B. Gordon, N. Fitzstubbs, E. W. Spencer, Robert Dexter, A. R. Banester, W. Cowling, G. Doughty, Chas. Kent, Theo. Davie, J. R. Anderson, F. Gilchrist, Thos. Tugwell, F. W. Matthews, C. N. Cameron, Braden & Stamford, Wm. Gordon, R. F. Tolmie, D. E. Campbell, Philip J. Hall, H. B. Rendell, D. O'Leary, W. H. Mason, William Lorimer, W. J. Smith, John Haggerty, O. H. Goodwin, Jas. L. Raymur, S. W. Bucknam, Thos. Garvin, W. H. Phillipps, John Dratt, William Mann, G H Brown, John Colbert, H Devlin, A J Briggs, R P McLennan, Simeon Duck, Wm Ralby, A Gregg & Son, W G Stevenson, John Teague, jr., J F Smith, R W Fawcett, H T Mann, Robert Heron, Arthur Smith, John P Elford, Beaumont Boggs, J E Crane, Jas Ramsey, W Jackson, Frederick Pauline, Wm Craft, J. R. Westcott, Fred Carne, jr, James Tolmie, R Maynard, A H Maynard, W T Tolmie, Sam H Goodwin, Wm Mable, H A Lilley, Shore & Anderson, L Dickenson, Wm Field, Jas Maynard, W Tippins, Ernest B. Hanington, W. Bickford, Hy. Jewell, M. R. Smith, H. Smith, E. B. Pemberton, J. D. Pemberton, Otto Weiler, J. W. Weiler, Hy Moss, J. J. Cowley, Jos Rhode, James Daley, A St. Geo Flint, B Williams, Thos S Futcher, Frank Bourne, W A McLean, P T Johnston, J. S. Helmcken, Jno. Irving, R. S. Byrn, W. A. Ward, A. R. Langley, J. C. Maclure, E. B. Marvin, P. Steele, W. H. Ellis, Matthew T. Johnston, J. H. Turner, Walter, B. Smallfield, Robt. Harvey, John G Cox, John Newby, Frank M Yorke, J M Cowper, F Appleton, John T Fee, F W Foster, W T Marvin, L Marks, H. Bornstein, Chas. F. G. Gardiner, James Mitchell, H. C. McDermid, Donald Mackay, F. W. Vincent, Ross Monro, S. J. Ker, R. H. Benedict, J. Griffith, A. C. Flumerfelt, J. A. Kenning, F. C. Holden, A. McKeown, W. P. Smith, A. W. Jones, Hall, Ross & Co, W R Clarke, J Madden, Thomas Hamford, W F Bullen, B R Seabrook, Fred S Pope, Thos Shaw, Wm Dickson, N Basso, F Spohr, H Cook, Jas H McGregor, Wm McIlwaine, Jos Colquhoun, W H Collister, J Haggart, J Watson, J S Mires, S Latham, William Pettierew, Francis Nash, Wm Ellis, D Russell, John T Howard, J Holman, Jas H Innes, J Andrews, A C Muir, W J Muir, J T Pearce, G Bebbington, John Stock, James Isbister, Wm B Smith, Geo Francis, Thos Ashley, G F Wake, T Astle, Chas E Pooley, Wm Fisher, Geo Berridge, James Dudgeon, A B Erskine, Thos Shotbolt, Jno J Hart, H Saunders, W G Bowman, A Gilmore, B A Phillips, James Larman, Morris Moss, W H Dempster, W Larkin, W White, Stephen Saire, John Robertson, J G Mann, Geo Bishop, Wm Harrison, G Campbell, Robert Jamieson, Thos C Nuttall, W J McDowell, Edwin Johnson, Henry S. Mason, A. C. Flewin, S. S. Burt, N. P. Snowden, Chas. A. Vernon, Geo. Jay, jr., C. M. McCahill, Wm. Neals, J. A. Johnson, A.A. Green, pp. F.W.W. Fred. W. Worlock, J. B. Matthew, Geo. H. Cavin, D. R. Harris, Wm. Scott, C. S. Finlaison, John Graham, Wm. A. Elliott, Wm. C. Bryant, Alf. H. Mocoy, L. G. Burns, Allan Stevens, C. T. Penwill, W. Reud, Wm. Powell, P. W. Dempster, N. Pointer, S. Cooness, Jones & McNeill, Wm. Whyte, Thos. S. Milligan, C. T. Dupont, Alex. Anderson, Alex. Mouat, John Temple, P. R. Brown, John Mortimer, G Byrnes, T Brooker, Peter O'Brien, J F Beer, W J Taylor, E E Wootton, Charles Wilson, Wm Newbury, Edward Hasell, D McCullum, Frank Porter, Chas Hayward, John Teague, sr., J Stewart, Munroe Miller, F Sturdy, John Thompson, Henry Clay, Geo Rudge, Henry Rudge, William Baines, J H Warner, E Harrison, John Bruce, A Beule, Switzer & McCluskey, Stephen Whitley, R A Brown, Jno P Pierre, T L Irving, John J Wilson, W H Croghan, John H Gannon, A J Rowbotham, Æneas McDonald, John Parker, jr., R. Lettice, John Crowther, Thos. McConnan, James S. Cowjn, Arthur F. S. Williams, Geo. Jay, sr., George Thomson, George King, James O'Neill, John Doherty, Thos Harding, T W Hall, MD, D D Moses, Jno C Hayes, Loewen & Erb, Hugh Calwel, Richard Cruickshank, G L Simpson, Thomas R. Smith, R. P. Rithet, Thos. H Baker, Phil A. Phillips, George Watson, P. Meara, J. Hook, A. Milligan, M. H. Cowan, Daniel McLachlan, S. B. Kelly, John Wilson, E. A. Pauline, Jas Gaudin, Samuel Reid, R A Cunningham, Lewis Lewis, A Lewis & Co, G H Burns, F A Pauline, G Leiser, Jas J Sargison, William M. Chudley, John A. Duncan, H. B. W. Aikman, A. Carmichael, B. H. Tyrwhitt Drake, R. Seabrook, J. Peters, J. H. Todd, H. Dallas Helmcken, James C Prevost, F. W. Tessel, C. C. Pemberton, W. Ridgway Wilson, Thos. C. Sorby, Wm. Jensen, Henry Lawson, Jas Muirhead, Wm Turpel, Jas Townsley, Jas March, Alex Sangster, John Frank, R Townsley, J D Milne, J Hellier, Wm Jenkins, Robt Clarke, Geo Clyde, D D Graham, Allison Johns, Andrew Kirk, Hector Low, Rowland brittain, Robert S mple, Thos E Wood, Herbert Dodgson, Geo Madigan, James Mansell, Frank Riedel, James Travis, James Dakers, Wm Munsley, James Stevens, Edward Coley, C F Barron, T H Tye, Henry Kisker, Adam Weir, Geo Cook, Thomas Argyle, George Battersby, Alex Campbell, Geo Brown, E S Field, Geo Pears, Thomas Duke, R Price, Edward Hutton, Robert H Roper, H H Roper, A Smith, J W Knight, J R McKenzie, W McKitrick, John McLean, Alex Moir, W. Mercer, Alfred Bland, J Sherk, W H L Olive, Joseph Backus, M D Gleasen, Walter Poole, H Cummings, William Beddy, John Burbridge, Robert Davison, R C Douglas, J A Northcott, Leonard Robinson, George W Robinson, John Roskamp, Richard W Roper, Henri Jorand.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to thank you most sincerely for the very flattering and numerously signed requisition you have seen fit to present us with requesting us to allow our names to be put in nomination for re-election as your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons.

After such an expression of confidence from so many of our fellow-citizens in our honesty of purpose and our ability to worthily represent you, we feel that we cannot do otherwise than accede to your request, and, therefore, offer ourselves for re-election.

We will, in due course, publish our views on the principal questions affecting the Province and the Dominion.

If re-elected, we shall in the future, as in the past, leave nothing undone that we, in our judgment, may consider to be to the interest of our District and Province.

We have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servants,
E. G. PRIOR,
THOMAS EARLE

EDUCATIONAL.

—THE—
VICTORIA COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.
103 GOVERNMENT STREET.

PRINCIPAL:—Rev. I. B. Pegg, Greek Honorsman, 1st Lat.; Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F. S. Sc. and Lit., London, &c.
DAY PUPILS:—$8 per month.
EVENING PUPILS:—$5 per month.
ADULT STUDENTS can take special subjects.
BOARDERS:—$260 per annum, or $25 per month.
de7

MR. FRANK B. FENWICK, tenor vocalist, Organist and Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church, Vocal teacher Angelo College, is prepared to receive a limited number of Pupils in Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory. Advanced Students prepared for University examination. Voice culture a specialty. Voices examined and classified. Highest testimonials. Terms moderate. Address: P. O. Box 418, VICTORIA. Reasonable Terms for Concerts. se24

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for the Year 1891.

BE IT ENACTED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit, by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America, to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $150,000, including the now existing overdraft, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

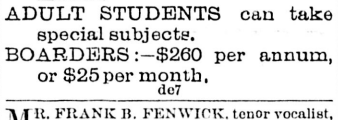
2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the 31st day of December, 1891, out of the Municipal Revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This By-Law may be cited as the "Bank Credit By-Law, 1891."

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of February, 1891.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 11th day of February, A.D. 1891.

JOHN GRANT, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
fe25



S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST., one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight; also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses, Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.
JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.
Victoria, Dec. 11, 1890. de18

NOTICE is hereby given that the business of Vegetable Gardening and Traders carried on under the name of Ting Lee, at 35 Fisguard street, Victoria, has been merged into the new firm of Ting Lee & Brothers; the three brothers comprising the firm being Low Wing Yueen, Low Ho Yue n and Low Wy Yueen. All liabilities of the old firm are assumed and will be paid by the new firm.
Victoria, B.C., dated 2nd February, 1891.
fe3-1m TING LEE & BROS.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from the City of Victoria to Beechy Bay, and to construct, maintain and operate a telegraph line in connection with the said railway, and for all necessary rights, powers and privileges.
CHARLES WILSON,
fe3-6w Solicitor for Applicants.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 13,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday Oct 11th, 1890. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays and Mondays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	Miles from Wellington	STATIONS.	Miles from Victoria	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays and Mondays.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.
	Ar 5.58	Ar 12.24	78	VICTORIA	1		Do 2.30 P.M	Do 8.00 A.M
	" 5.51	" 12.20	77	RUSSELL'S, Vic. W	4		" 2.34	" 8.04
	" 5.44	" 12.10 P.M	74	ESQUIMALT	7		" 2.44	" 8.11
	" 5.19	" 11.45	67	GOLDSTREAM	11		" 3.09	" 8.39
	" 4.21	" 10.50	56	SHAWNIGAN LE	28		" 3.34	" 9.34
	" 4.11	" 10.40	54	COPPER SPRINGS	31		" 3.44	" 9.44
	" 3.59	" 10.27	49	KOKSILAH	36		" 4.03	" 10.07
	" 3.49	" 10.17	46	SOMENOS	39		" 4.39	" 10.12
	" 3.44	" 10.12	43	DUNCAN'S	43		" 4.44	" 10.22
	" 3.34	" 10.02	39	CHEMAINUS	52		" 4.51	" 10.48
	" 3.12	" 9.36	32	NANAIMO	62		" 5.16	" 11.50
	" 2.11	Do 8.31	26	WELLINGTON	73		" 6.14	Dep 11.59
	De 59 P.M	Ar 8.25	5		78		Ar 6.29	Ar 12.14 P.M
		De 8.10 A						

On Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President,
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Sup
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Ag
my23

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad

Is the line to take

To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to

ST. PAUL and CHICAGO

(NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed,
Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers.
Of Latest Equipment

Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and

Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., corner Washington, Portland, Or
fe9-1t

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 1725, 1726 and part of Lot 182 E, Victoria City; and the East half of Suburban Lot 52, Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of Indefeasible Title to hereditaments will be issued to Carlo Bossi on the 7th day of May, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or any part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria,
28th February, 1891. mr1-3m

NOTICE

ALL PERSONS indebted to the late firm of John Weiler, prior to January 31st, are hereby requested to call and settle their account at once at the office of Weiler Bros.
Victoria, Feb. 24, 1891. fe22-12t

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Joseph H. Baker and Jerome E. Church, under the firm name of J. H. Baker & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will henceforth be carried on by the said Joseph H. Baker, who assumes all liabilities of the late firm and to whom must be paid all credits due to the said firm.

J. H. BAKER.
fe27 J. E. CHURCH.

FOR XMAS
—AND—
New Year's Presents

Hyacinth Glasses in great variety and highly ornamental designs.
Fancy Flower Pots.
Flowering Plants and Cut Flowers.
Also Holly for decorating.

G. A. McTAVISH

Nurseryman, Seedsman and Florist,
PARK ROAD. au21

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins.

SHIPS AND STEAMS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y

-:- GLOBE CIRCLING TOURS -:-

AROUND THE WORLD
—FOR—
$600.00.

Including Meals and Berths on Rail and Steamers.

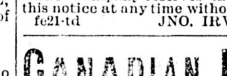
EMPRESS OF JAPAN,
Leaves Liverpool between April 1st and 15th.
EMPRESS OF CHINA,
Leaves Liverpool between May 1st and 15th.

For pamphlets, etc., apply to
A. CAMERON, Agent,
Government St.,
D. F. BROWN, Victoria.
Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't,
Vancouver. fe23

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11 a.m.
Umatilla, - - - March 5
R. P. RITHET & CO.,
mar26 Agents

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY



Steamer
ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER,
Master.

On and after November 19th, 1889,
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows,
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 5.00 a.m.
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "
For freight or passage apply on board. feb8



BRITISH BARK
"SCOTTISH BARD"
CAPT. CHARLESON,
FROM LONDON.

All claims against this vessel must be sent to the undersigned not later than Tuesday, 3rd March.
R. P. RITHET & CO. (LTD.),
fe28 Consignees.

From London for Victoria Direct.



The 100 A 1 Iron Barque
"WANLOCK"
745 TONS REGISTER,
will sail from London for Victoria direct on May 10th.
For particulars apply to
TURNER, BEETON & CO.,
fe27 12t Wharf Street.

FOR THE NORTH



C.P.N. Co's Steamer
"DANUBE"
(CAPTAIN WALBRAN).
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co's Wharf, for
FORT SIMPSON AND WAY PORTS
On Wednesday, March 4th,
at 6 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage apply at the office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The Company reserves the right to change this notice at any time without notification.
fe21-td JNO. IRVING, Manager.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited.)

Time Table No. 13, takes effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 3 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday, Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route:
Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:
Steamships of this Co. will leave or Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route:
Steamer RAINBOW leaves every Tuesday at 7 a.m. for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. iy25

For Health, Comfort and Economy

Have your doors and windows fitted with

"The Champion" Weather Strip.

It will keep out dust, draft, wind, rain and snow, stop the excruciating noise of rattling sashes and doors, preserve the carpets and furniture and diminish the fuel bill. Sold and fitted by

J. P. BURGESS,
10 Broughton Street.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE,

Real Estate Brokers.

BRANCH OFFICE:

PORT ANGELES,

FRONT STREET.

ASK FOR OUR LISTS.

"Second to None."

BRANCH OFFICE:

NEW WESTMINSTER

HAMLEY BLOCK.

ja14

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1891.

LITTLE LOCALS.

Meeting of the German Harmony Club this evening.

The Mexico, from San Francisco, arrived last evening.

Stoves and cutlery at Cheapside. *

Another central Hall for Public Meetings. See Advertisement "Lyceum." *

The Islander brought a large eastern mail last night.

For shaving materials, etc., go to Fox's, 78 Government street. tf

Carpenters' and Gardening Tools at Cheapside. *

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant held forth at Cedar Hill last night.

A large assortment of bird cages just opened at R. A. Brown & Co.'s 80 Douglas street. *

See the fine assortment of enamelled ware at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street. *

Alexander Lodge, No. 116, Sons of England, installs officers this evening.

Another new lodge of Odd Fellows is about to be established in Victoria West.

Toilet articles, perfumery, etc., at Jones' drug store, Government street. Dispensing a specialty. 1w

The City of Kingston brought over one car of grease and one of flour from the Sound last evening.

Some special bargains in carpet remnants to be had at Weiler Bros, successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Mr. E. J. Morgan, representing the great Quebec tailoring firm of D. Morgan, has taken rooms in the Musgrave block.

An emergency meeting of Vancouver and Quadra Lodge, No. 2, A.F. & A.M. this evening. Work in the first degree. Sojourning brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

See the 300-candle power and other lamps at R. A. Brown & Co's, Douglas street. *

Table cutlery, bread plates, table mats, at Fox's, 78 Government street. d14-1m

The contract for the St. James Sunday School, to be built in James Bay, has been awarded to Mr. Charles Maynard. The building will be heated by a hot air furnace.

A nice line of pocket knives, razors, scissors and table cutlery, just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. tf

The C. P. R. telegraph company's aerial spans between Valdez and Gabriola islands were carried away by a steam barge passing through the pass yesterday afternoon. It will be all O.K. this morning.

This week the third instalment of subscriptions to the building fund of the Pandora Street Methodist Church having fallen due, satisfactory returns have already been made to the stewards, who announce themselves as being highly encouraged.

If you intend furnishing please call and examine our stock, and get prices on furniture, carpets, curtains, etc, and we think it will be to your interest, as we carry the largest stock in all lines in the city. Weiler Bros., successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Mr. E. S. Shrapnel, R.C.A., and vice-president of the B. C. Art Association, has returned from Vancouver, where he has been superintending the class of the Vancouver Art Association. He has opened a studio for painting and drawing classes over Somers' Art Gallery, Government street.

The Spiritualists of Victoria have recently purchased a well situated building lot and are about to erect a commodious Hall, the increase of their members having rendered it necessary for them to obtain more extensive quarters. It is reported that the new Hall will be on Quadra street near Pandora.

KARL KOSCHE, wig maker and hairdresser, takes pleasure in notifying his customers and the public in general, that he is ready for business again. Hair cutting a specialty. No shaving. Mrs. Kosche will attend to the ladies' department. A well selected stock of hair goods and ornaments on hand. Theatrical wigs and beards for hire. 31 Government st., Victoria. ja11-2m

PERSONAL.

George Byrnes went over the Sound last evening.

Mrs. Dumbleton returned from the Sound yesterday.

Father Durant was able to be out on the streets again yesterday.

T. E Kitchen, M.P.P., returned from Westminster last night.

J. A. Mara, M.P. for Yale, arrived from the mainland last night.

W. C. Haywood was a passenger by the City of Kingston yesterday.

T. M. Henderson and T. Moran were passengers from the Sound last evening.

Æneas McDonald is at St. Joseph's Hospital suffering from an attack of la grippe.

Justice Walkem, D. E. Brown, S. Tingley and Wm. Morsby came over by the Islander last night.

Mrs. Shears and Mrs. Goepel will be passengers for San Francisco by the direct steamer to-morrow.

William Lee, who has for some time been sick in the Jubilee Hospital, is recovering in a satisfactory manner.

F. B. McNamee left for Vancouver this morning, whence he will return to-morrow to attend to important business matters.

F. Coles, formerly cashier in the Hudson's Bay Co., has taken the position of private secretary to Mr. T. R. Smith, Assistant-Commissioner.

Lawn Tennis Club Concert.

This was the first entertainment of the kind ever held in this city, but from its success it will likely not be the last. The Philharmonic hall was well filled last night. After a few appropriate words by the chairman, Mayor Grant, the programme was commenced by Mr. Lowenburg, whose excellent rendering of a difficult piece was well received. Mr. Whalley followed with a comic song, which was loudly encored. Messrs. Marvin and Wooton sang good songs with great feeling. Mr. Wolley's recitation, "The burial march of Dundee," a stirring Scotch story, was well recited and received loud applause. Messrs. Loewen, Higgins and Benedict gave two selections on the banjo and piano, which won the applause of the audience. Mr. Adderly's song, with a rousing chorus, was perhaps the feature of the first part, the house rising to a man. The subject was the "ladies." The second part contained more of that comic element which appeals to masculine audiences, and which ensures success to smoking concerts. Mr. Webber's treatise was received with enthusiasm, while Mr. Drake made a model policeman. Prof. Foster's step dancing and Mr. Whalley's recitation were rendered in good style. Mr. Carpenter's get up as "Little Vic," a song written on the topics of the times by Mr. C. P. Wolley, was, owing to its topical allusions, quite a feature.

Besides those already mentioned, Messrs. Barton, Lombard, Hanes, Field, Nash and Fielding helped to make the evening the great success it was.

HIGHEST CASH prices paid for ladies' and gent's cast off clothing. Address—S. Cooness, 2nd door west Broad st., on Johnson.

Stanley Books.

STANLEY books are now as common as coughs and colds. To get rid of the latter use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the best Canadian cough cure for children or adults. It cures, by its soothing, healing and expectorant properties, every form of throat and lung trouble, pulmonary complaints, etc.

NANAIMO NEWS NOTES.

The Corporation to Purchase and Operate the Gas and Electric Light Works.

A. T. D. McElmen Lingering Between Life and Death—Elias Roberts' Injuries Prove Fatal.

(From our own Correspondent.)

NANAIMO, March 3.—A. T. D. McElmen is still in an unconscious state at the Nanaimo hospital; his condition is extremely critical, and only the slightest hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Elias Roberts, aged 33 years, single, a native of North Wales, who was injured at the Wellington colleries about a week ago, died to-day.

Mabel Drew, aged five years, died at East Wellington to-day.

St. David's day was patriotically celebrated at Northfield by the Welsh residents and their friends.

Dr. Walkem was pitched from his sleigh this afternoon and had a narrow escape.

Our Aldermen last evening went it strong, introducing by-laws to pay themselves; also to purchase the gas and electric works and establish an arc light system.

Imperial Parliament.

LONDON, March 2.—London's fogs were the subject of discussion in the Commons this evening. Viscount Wolmer wanted a commission appointed to report on scientific methods of mitigating them, adding that they were curtailing working hours. Smith, government leader, replied that a committee of the lords had already made an exhaustive inquiry and recommended, among other things, the use of non-bituminous coal. A bill was pending in the House of Lords on the subject.

In the debate on the navy estimates it was moved that henceforth the naval budget must state the total number of war ships in commission, reserve and building, the aggregate tonnage of the mercantile marine and value of the sea-borne commerce of England compared with foreign powers, and similar returns from the colonies. Harcourt said this was similar to the notes of alarm which naval experts issue to induce the nation to believe the naval and military expenditures, enormous as they are, would be inadequate. In the event of war, he said that not a single article of imports or exports would be threatened. By the declaration of Paris the whole trade of a belligerent was absolutely safe.

Hamilton, first lord of the admiralty, dissented from this view. English shipowners would be unwise to trust much to the declaration of Paris. They must maintain a navy so as to hold a fighting supremacy in every part of the world. The government would grant the information asked for.

Wesley's Statue Unveiled in London.

LONDON, March 2.—A statue erected to John Wesley, founder of Methodism, was unveiled here to-day in the presence of a large concourse of people.

Quick, Safe and Comfortable.

The Canadian Pacific Railway offers special inducements to travellers. Through train service daily to Montreal, Halifax, New York, all points east and South. Five to ten dollars cheaper than other line.

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent.

Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. Tele phone No. 161, New England Bakery, Young Bro., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO DEPOSITORS.

The British Columbia Land and Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

de19-1m

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT—We BUY AND SELL DRAFTS on all the principal cities of CANADA, EUROPE and the UNITED STATES, at the MOST FAVORABLE RATES. We also buy and sell STOCKS and SHARES. Offers will be received for 19 TRAMWAY SHARES.

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT—We have a large list of PROPERTY for sale from which we extract the following:

First-class boarding house, furnished		$11,500	5½ acres, cleared, Esquimalt Road		$ 7,000	Lots on Burnside Road, each	$ 325
House, 15 rooms and 2 acres, off Fort St.		12,000	17½ acres, Fowl Bay Road, per ¼ acre		400	" Oak Bay Avenue	$ 600 and 320
" 11 "	1.10	" N.Chath'm St.	5,500	Acreage, Saanich, from $6 per acre to		1,500	" in Victoria West	750 " 350
" 8 "		James Bay	3,7-0	Acreage, Lake Hill Estate, from $200 to		325	" Fernwood Estate	900 " 500
" 6 "		James Bay	2,650	3½ acres Belcher St, beautiful site		12,000	" on Cadboro Bay Road	1,000 " 375
3 houses, 6 rooms, James Bay, each			1,900	¼ acre, Oak Bay Avenue		1,200	" Work Estate	1,000 " 500
House, 8 rooms, Fowl Bay Road			1,700	Acreage, Cook St., per acre		3,000	" Gov't st. and Douglas st.	13,000 " 10,000

We have a large list of property for sale in ABERDEEN, on GRAY'S HARBOR, and in SOUTH BEND on WILLAPA HARBOR.
MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE. CITY AGENTS FOR THE CALEDONIAN INSURANCE CO. OF EDINBURGH.

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ja11-6m The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria and Nanaimo, B.C.

TO ELECTORS

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H. D. HELMCKEN,
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Have now ready for Sale a large and varied assortment of

Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Evergreens, Herbaceous Plants, Bulbs, Etc.

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ABOUT 125 ACRES

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THOUSANDS OF BOTTLES GIVEN AWAY YEARLY.

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THE NEW
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ja6-1y

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AGENTS WANTED in every city, town and village in the Dominion, to handle the best selling book in the market—"Jameson's Story of the Rear Column."—from his diary and letters. Territory allotted. Outfit only 50c. First in the field reaps the harvest. Rose Pub. Co., Toronto, Ont. mri-tts-6t

WANTED—Immediately, a first-class Cook. Apply Prov. Royal Jubilee Hospital. mrl

WANTED TO BORROW, $250, for 30 days on valuable lot in Fidalgo City, on principal street, on line of Electric cars, between Fidalgo and Anacortes; $50 for accomodation. Address E. W., this office. fe28-3t

WANTED—Situation in a general store by young man of experience. Apply J. G. S., this office. fe27-6t

WANTED—A strong girl to assist with general house work; family of three. Apply Mrs. Wilkinson, Mary St., Victoria West. fe27-3t

WANTED—By a young man. A situation in Hotel. Has some experience in real estate office. Address "O. L. W." this office. fe25-2t

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITER, one who has been in private service or is used to Clubs. Apply in writing, Managing Steward, Rainier Club, Seattle, Wash. fe24-3t

WANTED—A respectable young girl to assist with house work. Apply to Mrs. Clay, 39 Fort Street. fe20-6t

WANTED—To Rent a Stable suitable for six or eight horses. Apply Box 571,

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply Mrs. Belyea, St. Charles st., near Cadboro Bay road. fe7

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FOR the position of First Assistant at the Victoria High School. Applicants must hold 1st class certificates or be University graduates. Salary $100 per month. All applications, which will be received up to the 26th inst., should be addressed to R. Erskine, Secretary Public School Board, 62 Government Street. fe18-td

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